

# **Economy Scrutiny Committee**

Date: Thursday, 10 March 2022Time: 2.00 pmVenue: Council Chamber, Level 2, Town Hall Extension

This is a **Supplementary Agenda** containing additional information about the business of the meeting that was not available when the agenda was published

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## Membership of the Economy Scrutiny Committee

**Councillors** - H Priest (Chair), Bayunu, Doswell, Farrell, Johns, Moore, Noor, Raikes, Stanton and Shilton Godwin

## **Supplementary Agenda**

#### 7. HS2 Phase 2b Western Leg - Environmental Statement Consultation & Hybrid Bill Petitioning Response Report of the Strategic Director (Growth and Development)

This report informs the Executive about the deposit of the HS2 hybrid Bill in Parliament on 24<sup>th</sup> January 2022; the public consultations on the Environmental Statement (ES) and Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) for the Bill; and outlines the Council's proposed response to these consultations. The report further outlines the key areas on which the Council is proposing to petition against the hybrid Bill, subject to the approval of Council on 4<sup>th</sup> March to submit a petition.

8. Update on COVID-19 Activity

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Report of the Director of City Centre Growth and Infrastructure and Director of Inclusive Economy

This report provides Committee Members with a further update summary of the current situation in the city in relation to COVID-19 and an update on the work progressing in Manchester in relation to areas within the remit of this Committee. Further detail on specific issues will be available as required.

## **Further Information**

For help, advice and information about this meeting please contact the Committee Officer:

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This supplementary agenda was issued on **Friday**, **4 March 2022** by the Governance and Scrutiny Support Unit, Manchester City Council, Level 2, Town Hall Extension (Library Walk Elevation), Manchester M60 2LA

#### Manchester City Council Report for Resolution

Report to:	Economy Scrutiny Committee – 10 March 2022 The Executive – 16 March 2022
Subject:	HS2 Phase 2b Western Leg - Environmental Statement Consultation & Hybrid Bill Petitioning Response
Report of:	Strategic Director (Growth and Development)

#### Summary

This report informs the Executive about the deposit of the HS2 hybrid Bill in Parliament on 24<sup>th</sup> January 2022; the public consultations on the Environmental Statement (ES) and Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) for the Bill; and outlines the Council's proposed response to these consultations. The report further outlines the key areas on which the Council is proposing to petition against the hybrid Bill, subject to the approval of Council on 4<sup>th</sup> March to submit a petition.

#### Recommendations

The Economy Scrutiny Committee is requested to

(1) Comment on the report and recommendations and to endorse the recommendations as detailed below.

The Executive is recommended to:

- (1) Note the deposit in Parliament of the HS2 Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill and the accompanying ES and EQIA.
- (2) Note and comment on the proposed contents of the City Council's submission in response to the consultations on the HS2 Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill ES and EQIA.
- (3) Note Council approval to submit a petition to object to aspects of the HS2 Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill and comment on the proposed areas for the City Council's petition; and
- (4) Delegate authority to the Strategic Director Growth & Development, in consultation with the Leader and Executive Member for Environment, Planning and Transport, to finalise the responses to the HS2 Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill Environmental Statement and EQIA and submit to DfT

**Wards Affected:** Ardwick, Ancoats & Beswick, Baguley Burnage, Didsbury East, Didsbury West, Fallowfield, Levenshulme, Northenden, Piccadilly, Rusholme, and Woodhouse Park.

**Environmental Impact Assessment** - the impact of the issues addressed in this report on achieving the zero-carbon target for the city

At the national level, whilst there are likely to be additional carbon emissions in the short-term from the construction of HS2, the project is likely to be less carbon intensive than other non-rail alternative transport schemes that would deliver similar transport outcomes. More crucially, high speed rail can encourage a modal shift away from car use, especially where it creates capacity on the conventional railway, to encourage more shorter-distance trips by rail.

In addition, improvements to rail capacity will enable more freight to be transported using rail, reducing the number of journeys by road, and has the potential to reduce demand for domestic flights. The integration of HS2 and NPR and investment in new rail infrastructure also provides opportunities for decarbonisation of rail, across the North.

All these factors are important contributions to acting on the climate change emergency declared by Manchester City Council, helping to reduce carbon emissions in line with policy aspirations to become a zero-carbon city by 2038, supporting the emerging Clean Air Plan for Greater Manchester.

Major investment in both Manchester Piccadilly and Manchester Airport HS2/NPR stations will provide excellent facilities for public transport connections and support the integration of the transport network in Manchester, as part of the wider integration of transport for Greater Manchester and across the North. This would contribute to the city's zero-carbon targets and the planning of sustainable transport infrastructure to support future growth.

All new development around Piccadilly under the Strategic Regeneration Framework will be expected to be zero-carbon. Similarly, we expect HS2 Ltd. to use sustainable materials and methods of construction, which will not impact on the city's zero-carbon targets - the target for the city to be zero-carbon by 2038 at the latest aligns with the current estimated completion dates for HS2 in 2036-2041. We will be challenging HS2/DfT on these issues as part of our response to the Environmental Statement.

We are also challenging HS2 Ltd on proposals for highways layouts and levels of car parking in the city centre. The City Centre Transport Strategy includes the ambition to reduce vehicles in the city centre and increase the use of public transport and active travel modes for travelling around, to and from the city centre. If proposals appear to be contradictory to our local policies and targets on climate change, then we will look to petition against those aspects as part of the parliamentary process.

Manchester Strategy outcomes	Summary of the contribution to the strategy	
A thriving and sustainable city: supporting a diverse and distinctive economy that creates jobs and opportunities	A high-speed line between Manchester, the West Midlands and London, and improved rail connections in the North of England, as proposed by Transport for the North through Northern Powerhouse Rail (NPR) will support business development in the region. The scheme has the potential to provide a catalyst which can attract further investment into Greater Manchester by creating a new gateway into the regional centre and boost the investor confidence in the area. Specifically, the proposals for HS2/NPR stations at Manchester Piccadilly and Manchester Airport provide major opportunities for stimulating economic growth and regeneration in the surrounding areas.	
A highly skilled city: world class and home-grown talent sustaining the city's economic success	The high-speed rail network serving the city centre and the Airport, regeneration of the Piccadilly area, will enable and further development around the Airport, and thus contribute towards the continuing economic growth of the city, providing additional job opportunities, at a range of skill levels, for residents. As part of the high-speed rail Growth Strategy, a Greater Manchester High Speed Rail Skills Strategy has been developed, to best enable residents to access the opportunities created by both the construction of the High-Speed rail infrastructure and from the additional investment and regeneration arising from it.	
A progressive and equitable city: making a positive contribution by unlocking the potential of our communities	The economic growth brought about by high-speed rail, and the regeneration of the Piccadilly area, will help to provide additional job opportunities for residents, as well as improved connections for our communities to jobs in the city centre and beyond. The area will also provide new leisure opportunities, including new areas of public realm, accessible to all members of the public.	

A liveable and low carbon city: a destination of choice to live, visit, work	The Manchester Piccadilly Strategic Regeneration Framework (SRF) provides a vision and framework for the regeneration of the Piccadilly area as a key gateway to the city, with a unique sense of place. Providing new, high quality commercial accommodation, new residential accommodation and the public amenities including public realm, retail, and leisure opportunities, will create a desirable location in which to live, work and visit.
	HS2 will enable the provision of improved public transport, through the capacity released on the classic rail network and, if aligned with Greater Manchester's plans, integration with other transport modes at Manchester Piccadilly and Manchester Airport. This can encourage more public transport journeys and less reliance on cars. Improvements to rail capacity will also enable more freight to be transported using rail, reducing the number of journeys by road.
	The provision of HS2 and NPR will also support the planned development around Piccadilly and the Airport included within the draft Places for Everyone Framework.
A connected city: world class infrastructure and connectivity to drive growth	HS2, together with NPR and the proposed Northern Hub rail schemes, will bring a step change in rail connectivity both across GM and to the rest of the UK. HS2 and NPR will radically enhance north- south and east-west connectivity between the country's major cities, which will increase labour market accessibility, open new markets for trade and stimulate economic growth, as well as better connecting people to job opportunities.
	The city's plans for Manchester Piccadilly and Manchester Airport Station are to provide world- class transport interchanges that can act as gateways to the city and city region.

### Full details are in the body of the report, along with any implications for

- Equal Opportunities Policy
- Risk Management
- Legal Considerations

#### Financial Consequences – Revenue

None directly from this report.

#### Financial Consequences – Capital

Whilst there are no direct financial consequences arising from this report, the Council notes the importance of DfT having an identified funding strategy which guarantees the delivery of the HS2 and NPR schemes in their entirety to ensure the economic benefits of the investment are maximised.

#### **Contact Officers:**

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#### Background documents (available for public inspection):

The following documents disclose important facts on which the report is based and have been relied upon in preparing the report. Copies of the background documents are available up to 4 years after the date of the meeting. If you would like a copy, please contact one of the officers above.

- Report to Executive 14 December 2016 Manchester Piccadilly High Speed 2 (HS2) Phase 2 Route Announcement
- Report to Economy Scrutiny 1 February 2017 High Speed Rail High Speed 2 (HS2) and Northern Powerhouse Rail (NPR)
- Report to Executive 18 October 2017 Greater Manchester HS2 and Northern Powerhouse Rail Growth Strategy
- Greater Manchester HS2 and NPR Growth Strategy: The Stops are Just the Start 2018
- Report to Executive 7 March 2018 Manchester Piccadilly Strategic Regeneration Framework Update 2018

- Report to Executive 27 June 2018 Manchester Piccadilly Strategic Regeneration Framework Update 2018
- Manchester Piccadilly Strategic Regeneration Framework 2018
- HS2 Working Draft Environmental Statement 2018, available at: https://www.gov.uk/government/collections/hs2-phase-2b-working-draftenvironmental-statement
- Report to Economy Scrutiny 7 November 2018 HS2 Working Draft Environmental Statement (WDES)
- Report to Executive 12 December 2018 HS2 Working Draft Environmental Statement (WDES)
- HS2 Phase 2b Working Draft Environmental Statement Consultation Response of the Greater Manchester Combined Authority 2018
- HS2 Phase 2b Working Draft Environmental Statement Consultation Response of Manchester City Council 2018
- HS2 Phase 2b Design Refinement Consultation 2019, available at: https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/hs2-phase-2b-design-refinementconsultation
- Report to Executive 11 September 2019 HS2 Phase 2b Design Refinement Consultation 2019
- HS2 Phase 2b Design Refinement Consultation 2020, available at: https://www.gov.uk/government/consultations/hs2-phase-2b-western-leg-design-refinement-consultation
- Report to Executive 9 December 2020 HS2 Phase 2b Western Leg Design Refinement Consultation Response
- HS2 Phase 2b hybrid Bill and related documents, available at: HS2 Phase 2b - GOV.UK (www.gov.uk)

#### 1.0 Introduction

- 1.1 Previous reports to Executive have set out the connectivity, economic growth and regeneration benefits that can be brought about by HS2 and NPR for the city, Greater Manchester, and the UK. We believe these schemes are vital to increasing the capacity and connectivity improvements needed to Britain's rail network, and will deliver a transformational step-change in the connectivity of the North's major regions, helping to underpin economic growth and deliver levelling up across the North and the UK.
- 1.2 Previous reports to Executive have also outlined Government's intention to implement a new high speed rail network (HS2), from Manchester to London via Birmingham and Crewe. A response to The Working Draft Environmental Statement (WDES) Consultation, which was a precursor to the Environmental Statement (ES), was submitted to HS2 in 2018 outlining the Council's Key concerns to a number of matters
- 1.3 The hybrid Bill for HS2 Phase 2b "Western Leg", between Crewe and Manchester was deposited in Parliament by the Department for Transport (DfT) on 24<sup>th</sup> January 2022.
- 1.4 The Council is fully supportive of the introduction of HS2 and NPR and the provision of stations at Manchester Piccadilly and Manchester Airport. However, we have consistently retained a clear position on the need to ensure that the schemes are delivered in a manner that fully complements the connectivity, place-making, local employment, and sustainable growth objectives as set out in the Manchester Piccadilly Strategic Regeneration Framework (SRF) and the Greater Manchester HS2 and NPR Growth Strategy. This has been reiterated in several responses to Government consultations on HS2 made in 2014, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020, as well as through ongoing direct engagement with HS2 Ltd and DfT.
- 1.5 This report summarises our proposed response to the Phase 2b Manchester-Crewe hybrid Bill, including the response to the Bill's Environmental Statement and Equalities Impact Assessment consultations, and the key issues to be covered in a petition to the hybrid Bill.

#### 2.0 Background – the HS2 Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill

- 2.1 The Phase 2b Crewe-Manchester Bill includes provision for new high-speed rail stations (providing for HS2 and Northern Powerhouse Rail services) at Manchester Piccadilly and Manchester Airport, along with a tunnelled section of railway that will connect the respective stations. It also covers the provision of other related infrastructure, including new highway layouts, car parking and Metrolink services at the two stations.
- 2.2 Northern Powerhouse Rail (NPR) is a proposal to deliver a high-speed rail network between Manchester, Liverpool, Leeds, Newcastle, Sheffield, and Hull. The Government's preferred outline plans for NPR are included in the recently published Integrated Rail Plan (IRP). The IRP does not embrace

the ambition for a better connected North as envisaged by Transport for the North (TfN), as key elements including proposals for Sheffield and Hull for examples are not included. The hybrid Bill includes provisions to facilitate the integration of Northern Powerhouse Rail (NPR) at both Piccadilly and Manchester Airport high speed stations. It does not cover the whole of the proposed NPR scheme, but rather elements to enable its future delivery.

#### 3.0 HS2 Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill Environmental Statement

- 3.1 The Environmental Statement (ES) is an assessment of the likely significant environmental effects of the proposed HS2 railway, including the effects of construction and operation.
- 3.2 The council provided a response to the WDES in 2018, which was a highlevel overview of the items to be considered in the full ES. The full ES should respond to the issues of concern raised in the WDES consultation. The council's assessment of the ES to date has noted that many of our concerns raised in the WDES have not been addressed.
- 3.3 The ES is broken down into eight 'community areas'<sup>1</sup> and various topic specific chapters. The community areas which are of most relevance to the council are MA06: Hulseheath to Manchester Airport, MA07: Davernport Green to Ardwick and MA08: Manchester Piccadilly. The ES is also accompanied by a separate Equalities Impact Assessment (EQIA) and an Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).
- 3.4 The structure of the ES covers the following:
  - Volume 1 Introduction and Methodology an introduction to the working draft Environmental Statement and an overview of the route and the environmental impact assessment process.
  - Volume 2 Community Area Reports and Map Books The Community area reports describe likely significant route-wide environmental effects of the construction and operation
  - Volume 3 Route Wide Effects This describes the impacts and effects that are likely to occur at a geographical scale greater than the community areas described in Volume 2.
  - Volume 4 Off-Route Effects This describes an assessment of the off-route effects of the proposed scheme i.e., effects in locations remote from the HS2 route corridor.
  - Volume 5 Appendices and Map Books comprising details on:
    - Agriculture, Forestry and Soils
    - Air Quality
    - Climate Change

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> MA01: Hough to Walley's Green | MA02: Wimboldsley to Lostock Gralam | MA03: Pickmere to Agden and Hulseheath | MA04: Broomedge to Glazebrook | MA05: Risley to Bamfurlong | MA06: Hulseheath to Manchester Airport | MA07: Davenport Green to Ardwick | MA08: Manchester Piccadilly Station

- Community
- Ecology and Biodiversity
- Electromagnetic Interference
- Health
- Historic Environment
- Land Quality
- Landscape and Visual
- Major Accidents and Natural Disasters
- Socioeconomics
- Sound, Noise and Vibration
- Traffic and Transport
- Waste and Material Resources
- Water Resources and Flood Risk
- Scope and Methodology
- Draft Code of Construction Practice
- Alternatives Report
- Planning Data
- Wider Effects Report
- Working Draft Environmental Statement consultation summary report
- Borrow Pit Report
- Other background data and map books
- 3.5 To secure the best outcome and lay the necessary foundations for any future petition (please see below for more information on petitioning), each of the above volumes and topics must be reviewed and responded to.
- 3.6 The Council's full response to the ES must be submitted to the Government by 11:45pm on the 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022. The Council's response fully supports, and is aligned with, the responses being submitted by the Greater Manchester Combined Authority (GMCA), Trafford Metropolitan Borough Council, Wigan Metropolitan Borough Council, and Manchester Airport Group (MAG).

#### 3.7 MA06 Hulseheath to Manchester Airport Community Area

- 3.7.1 This is an area of land between the River Bollin and the M56, as well as the westbound carriageway of the M56 in the City Council's boundary.
- 3.7.2 Proposed work includes: a viaduct over the River Bollin a balancing pond for railway drainage; an embankment, a cutting at Halebank, closure and realignment of Sunbank Lane and other footpaths; a box tunnel under the M56, the redesign of M56 Junction 6 and improvements to the existing road network around the proposed Airport Station.
- 3.7.3 It includes a four platform Airport HS2 Station and associated access, servicing, and parking. These lie within Trafford Council's administrative boundary, although the proposal impacts on both Manchester and Trafford Council areas.

3.7.4 In this area, the scheme will provide a connection between HS2 and a future NPR route between Manchester and Liverpool via the Manchester Airport High Speed station. Manchester Airport is located to the south-east of the proposed HS2 Station at Manchester Airport.

#### 3.8 MA07 Davenport Green to Ardwick Community Area

- 3.8.1 This section is 13.4km long, of which 12.8km is in tunnel under the wards of Ardwick, Longsight, Rusholme, Withington, Didsbury West, Didsbury East, Northenden and Baguley. 573m of the route is in cutting at Ardwick.
- 3.8.2 There are several features associated with the tunnel. This includes four vent shafts/headhouses proposed at: Altrincham Road/M56 junction 3a (Northenden Ward) (Vent Shaft 1); Withington Golf Course, Palatine Road (Didsbury West) (Vent Shaft 2); The Christie Car Park D, Wilmslow Road (Didsbury East/boundary with Didsbury West) (Vent Shaft 3); and Fallowfield Retail Park, Birchfield Road (Rusholme) (Vent Shaft 4).
- 3.8.3 The vent shafts/headhouses will be approximately 25m x 43-54 wide and 6m high. Each vent shaft will have a construction compound and there will be additional auto transformer stations at Palatine Road and Birchfield Road.
- 3.8.4 At the Ardwick end there would be a 'porous portal' (a perforated structure at the tunnel entrance, designed to allow the passage of air from the tunnel) with a head house substation and a tunnel portal building.

#### 3.9 MA08 Manchester Piccadilly Community Area

- 3.9.1 The route would exit the tunnel at the Siemens Train Care Facility, Rondin Road in Ardwick Ward, into a cutting. It then rises to a viaduct that widens to accommodate the 2 NPR "passive provision" viaducts. A viaduct then extends over the Pin Mill Brow Junction and expands to 6 tracks which lead into the 6 platforms at the proposed station. The HS2 station would be located alongside the existing Piccadilly station building at a similar height. All platforms will have a roof and canopy.
- 3.9.2 The Manchester Piccadilly Station area will be 1km (0.6 miles) in length.
- 3.9.3 In this area, the Proposed Scheme will provide a connection between HS2 and a future NPR route between Leeds and the Manchester Piccadilly High Speed station.
- 3.9.4 A new Metrolink station will be constructed underneath the HS2 station which will have 4 platforms. This will replace the existing 2 platform Metrolink station underneath the existing Piccadilly station. The construction of the HS2 station at Piccadilly will severe Metrolink services to Ashton during its construction which presents an opportunity to build a new station which has 4 platforms, which would be much more complex to achieve under the existing Piccadilly station.

- 3.9.5 The hybrid Bill also proposes a "turnback facility" (used to allow trams which are not continuing their journey to turnaround) at the New Islington tram stop to replace the existing Sheffield Street turnback, which will be out of service due to the construction of HS2.
- 3.9.6 There will be an Autotransformer station at Midland Street. At Pin Mill Brow and other streets around Piccadilly, changes to the road layout are proposed. Two multi-storey car parks are planned to be constructed on New Sheffield Street (site of the proposed boulevard in the SRF). Eight compounds are proposed for the construction of the railway.
- 3.9.7 In this area, the Proposed Scheme will provide passive provision for a connection between HS2 and a future NPR route between Leeds and the Manchester Piccadilly High Speed station.

#### 3.10 Key Themes & Issues

- 3.10.1 Due to the volume of material included in the ES, and the timescales involved in responding to the consultation, this report aims to provide an overview of the key topics and areas of the ES where officers consider that avoidance, mitigation and/or compensation is:
  - a) Critical to Manchester; and
  - b) Likely to be successfully secured

It should be noted that most the analysis of the ES has highlighted the lack of detail and the need for further information from HS2 Ltd. Many of the issues previously raised by the City Council and partners, in our response to previous consultations, have not been addressed in the ES.

#### 3.11 Volume 1 – Introduction and Methodology

- 3.11.1 Design The HS2 Ltd Design Vision sets core principles around three themes of people, place and time and creating a sense of place that will stand the test of time. It is important that these high-level principles are followed through to the detailed design of all elements that could singularly or cumulatively have an impact on Manchester.
- 3.11.2 HS2 Ltd design approach should be consistent with its own guidance. It should fully assess the location and context. It should then develop a suitable and appropriate design response to suit the location and context, rather than providing generic, engineering solutions which would not be appropriate for Manchester.
- 3.11.3 The resulting structures should be a high-quality design response. This is important in terms of landscaping and integrating and retaining existing features such as trees, as well as ensuring that the structures are of a high-quality design.
- 3.11.4 The proposed stations and their landscaping and associated works, including

the approach viaduct to the new station at Piccadilly, will need an exemplary design response that responds positively to their context and support the regeneration masterplans in these locations. It is important that the Local Planning Authority (LPA) is engaged in early and detailed discussions over the designs of these new structures to ensure the highest design quality and landscaping, and to ensure that they respond positively to their setting. In the case of Piccadilly, the design should respond sensitively to the historic environment and adjacent Grade II listed train shed.

- 3.11.5 Further detailed investigation and surveys are needed in terms of historic buildings, character appraisal, archaeology and built heritage to inform the proposals and to enable a proper assessment of impact and mitigation interventions needed.
- 3.11.6 Volume 1 also states that the route-wide approach has been developed with Historic England and Local Authorities at Phase 1 and Phase 2a. A route wide Written Scheme of Investigation has also been prepared setting out a framework for design, evaluation, and investigation.
- 3.11.7 Site Investigation is still to be done, which means that it is likely that there are still unknowns about land quality.
- 3.11.8 In the Landscape and Visual Impacts section, the ES states that measures to mitigate are part of an integrated design approach. It is important that best practice and high-quality design are at the forefront in developing bespoke responses, and that any harm or adverse impact is avoided rather than mitigated.
- 3.11.9 Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) is mentioned in relation to the 25-kilovolt electrification traction power of trains. It is being assessed and sensitive receptor sites are being identified along the track route corridor. The Christie Hospital and the Airport have been identified and HS2 Ltd are looking to mitigate any impacts.

#### 3.12 Volume 2 – Community Area Reports and Map Books - Comments Applicable to MA06, MA07 and MA08

- 3.12.1 Agriculture, Forestry and Soils Soils have been assessed thoroughly at the same time as the land quality survey. The soils assessment focusses mainly on soils as an agricultural resource, and of ensuring it isn't damaged during construction. There is robust mitigation protocol referenced, which would be effective if rigorously adhered to. Other important aspects of soil management appear to be deferred to other topic areas, for example soils supporting important ecological sites are dealt with in ecology, peat in carbon etc.
- 3.12.2 The main issue of concern for our ES response is that the assessment methodology makes assumptions about the impact sensitivity of some businesses and therefore a danger that these impacts and their importance are downplayed. There is overlap here with socioeconomic impacts.

- 3.12.3 There are very few forestry areas affected and the impact is regarded as negligible, which seems appropriate.
- 3.12.4 Air Quality, Land Quality, Sound, Noise and Vibration HS2 Ltd. will develop Local Environmental Management Plans (LEMP) to supplement the final Code of Construction Practice. There is an expectation that the Plans should be developed in consultation with the Council.
- 3.12.5 Likely significant sound, noise, and vibration impacts have been identified at certain locations/premises, but the level of detail is not sufficient to properly assess and needs to be provided.
- 3.12.6 Any buildings that qualify for noise insulation or temporary re-housing are reported in the ES.
- 3.12.7 Proposed construction hours include Saturday working hours from 0800 -13.00 hours and 24 hours working. Variations to standard working hours will need to be discussed and agreed with the Council as part of the LEMP work to mitigate potential noise disturbance.
- 3.12.8 **Noise -** Vibration Impacts of the tunnelling boring machine (TBM) are expected to have significant effect on the use of the MRI scanner at the Christie Hospital for 25-30 days. A Specific Vibration Risk Assessment was undertaken after liaison with the Christie but concludes that HS2 Ltd. will liaise with the Christie further. It is essential that this takes place.
- 3.12.9 **Climate Change** There has been no consideration of the impact on climate change at the local level or consideration for the Climate Emergency and local carbon budgets.
- 3.12.10 This is particularly of concern around Piccadilly Station, which is a dense urban environment, with further development planned. Indications show that Manchester is already falling below the levels necessary to meet the overall carbon budget that has been set, and HS2 construction traffic will significantly compound the matter. This needs to be addressed as a priority.
- 3.12.11 Overall and over the long term, the proposal would meet the aims of assisting with a more sustainable transport system and encourages the use of sustainable construction practices
- 3.12.12 Community In total 79 Commercial, 19 Residential and 35 other types of properties are impacted / demolished as part of the scheme in Manchester including several important community services and buildings between Ardwick and Piccadilly.
- 3.12.13 Multiple residential properties in Chapeltown, Ducie Street, Pollard Street and New Islington will experience temporary impacts associated to construction activity.
- 3.12.14 The route through Piccadilly Station, involving several level changes, will be

problematic for users of the station, particularly for those with mobility challenges.

- 3.12.15 The Piccadilly Station proposals locate the HS2 platforms to the north of the existing rail station (facing towards the Inner Ring Road). As proposed, this does not provide adequate integration with the existing station and access to the city centre would be extremely poor from this location, due to the topography, existing buildings, and potential route through a 70-metre-long tunnel at Store Street.
- 3.12.16 The alternative route through the existing Network Rail station is not considered appropriate given the pressures on the current concourse from more passengers (25% increase in the last four-five years). 2016/17 figures from the Office of Rail and Road show 27 million passengers per year and 41million visitors to the station per annum. DfT figures indicate that rail passenger numbers (alone) will increase to almost 60 million by 2040.
- 3.12.17 HS2 passengers using only the current entrance is a wholly inadequate solution. A fully integrated station design (as shown in the Piccadilly Strategic Regeneration Framework (SRF) and the GM HS2 & NPR Growth Strategy) would provide a common, accessible approach for HS2 and non-HS2 passengers (see section 5.7 for more information on Piccadilly Station).
- 3.12.18 The required Ventilation shaft, headhouse and auto-transformer station at Palatine Road continues to have a significant impact upon Withington Golf Club, including its future viability. As proposed, there would be a permanent loss of the club house, car parking and part of the golf course playing area, alongside a temporary loss of wider land impacting 4 of the golf course's holes for a period of 5 years. It's noted that once construction is completed, that the golf course could viably reopen. Ongoing liaison with the club by HS2 Ltd. will be required.
- 3.12.19 The Birchfields Road vent shaft will continue to have implications for businesses at the Fallowfield Retail Park and the local community through loss of amenity and parking implications. Impacts will include the loss of land/units at the retail park. The car park is also used by parents to drop off children at the nearby Birchfields Primary School and Manchester Enterprise Academy (MEA Central), to improve the safety of children as part of a 'park and stride' scheme promoted by the Council.
- 3.12.20 **Construction -** Temporary soil stockpiles could contain contaminated soils. More details are needed on the methodology to be employed for soil excavations, transportation and as to how the stockpiles will be managed to prevent contamination from leaving the compounds, in the form of dust of leachate. This will ensure that the lands beneath the compounds does not become contaminated because of the temporary storage
- 3.12.21 Hoardings to segregate the HS2 construction site will be at least 2.4m high but may up to 3.6m and possibly altered to enhance acoustic performance.

- 3.12.22 304 residential properties are forecast to experience noise above the eligibility criteria for noise insulation, but below the eligibility criteria for temporary rehousing criteria. This is of concern and HS2 will need to ensure that they are responsive to residents throughout the construction process.
- 3.12.23 Tunnelling Boring Machine (TBM) expected to have significant effect on the use of the proposed MRI scanner at the Christie for 25-30 days. A specific Vibration Risk Assessment was undertaken after liaison with the Christie, but this concluded that HS2 will liaise with the Christie further.
- 3.12.24 **Cultural Heritage** A major adverse effect is predicted in relation to the removal / repositioning of the Grade II listed Milestone adjacent to Withington Fire Station. The repositioning of the asset to a different location would erode the integrity of the asset and undermine its significance. Whilst the retention of the asset is positive, its relocation would still be considered to have a major adverse impact overall.
- 3.12.25 The Piccadilly hybrid Bill station design will result in considerable loss of nondesignated heritage assets in the Ardwick / Piccadilly area. All reasonable options which would avoid the permanent loss of these assets should be appropriately explored.
- 3.12.26 Prominent late-19th century buildings at 163 Ashton Old Rd and 223 Ashton Old Road (M11 3WU) are of architectural and historic merit and have the potential to be impacted by the construction compounds but are not identified in the ES maps.
- 3.12.27 Concerns around the potential for movement around the collection of Listed Buildings next to Ladybarn Road. This should be monitored during the construction and operational phases.
- 3.12.28 **Ecology –** It is noted that a 10% net gain in biodiversity for replaceable habitats along the Crewe to Manchester Route is being implemented by HS2 Ltd. after construction.
- 3.12.29 The impact on Bollin Bank is unclear (HS2 viaduct over the River Bollin Linking Woodhouse Park in Manchester and Cheshire East). As well as the direct loss, it could be permanently isolated from the rest of Sunbank Wood. This is due to the transition from viaduct to embankment, which occurs directly in the woodland. No consideration has been given to the temporal impacts during the construction period.
- 3.12.30 No bat emergence surveys were undertaken in any building or structures in MA08; we would not accept an ES for a planning application with this lack of survey effort.
- 3.12.31 The loss of hedgerows in MA07 is described as of being significant at a local/parish level. Since this includes the loss of native species-rich hedgerows, this is an underestimation of the value of the hedges. Species rich hedges are very rare in Greater Manchester and any loss would be

considered significant.

- 3.12.32 No details of the black redstart location found in MA08 have been given. The ES identifies that the construction in this area will result "in the disturbance of black redstart nesting habitat". No mitigation is proposed for the loss of nesting habitat because there is "extensive alternative nesting habitat in the area". However, this overlooks the fact that black restarts require nesting habitat linked to nearby feeding areas.
- 3.12.33 **Health –** The demolition of recreational facilities affecting the ability to participate in specific physical activity at the following locations: In Aldow Industrial Park demolition of Totem Gymnastics, a children's gymnastics club, Cloud Aerial Arts (an acrobatic, gymnastics and yoga centre) and CrossFit Ancoats (a specialised cross fit gym).
- 3.12.34 The demolition of building providing service, reducing access to service supporting health and wellbeing at the following locations: Manchester Offenders: Diversion, Engagement and Liaison (MO:DEL), and Manchester Action on Street Health (MASH) on Fairfield Street)
- 3.12.35 The presence of construction traffic, including HGV, on local roads leading to amenity impacts and safety concerns, deterring the use of local roads by non-motorised users in MA08
- 3.12.36 An increase in HGV traffic and changes to the noise environment will lead to reduced levels of amenity from the local environment in MA07 (A34 Kingsway and A34 Birchfields Road)
- 3.12.37 Landscape and Visual No reference is made to the Mayfield development which is located within close proximity to Piccadilly Station. The vision for Mayfield is for a distinctive, world class development delivering significant new commercial space, and up to 1,500 new homes alongside a mix of retail and leisure facilities all centred on a new 6.5-acre city centre park. The outdated baseline is likely to impact on the accuracy of the baseline assessment of value, susceptibility to change and overall sensitivity. This is likely to result in an inaccurate assessment of effects and their significance.
- 3.12.38 No consideration is given to future aspirations as set out within the SRFs which are relevant to the site.
- 3.12.39 There are concerns that the landscape and visual mitigation provided in the city centre will not be adequate.
- 3.12.40 The Airport Station itself lies outside the City Council boundary. However, there will be visual impacts from the station, associated multi-storey car parks, new highway layouts and landscaping works. The new station and associated buildings works should be of an exemplary design quality in terms of architectural design and public realm and landscaping works. Mitigation works associated with the construction and operational aspects of the scheme should be carefully considered to minimise any adverse effects.

- 3.12.41 There is a lack of photomontages to see how the scheme will develop at key points from construction operation and beyond.
- 3.12.42 There is no assessment of potential increased impacts on the townscape character because of the potentially taller vent shafts at Palatine Road, which may appear incompatible within the largely suburban, residential context. The potential increased visibility of the vent shafts as a result of repositioning may make them a more dominant feature in the local townscape context.
- 3.12.43 Existing landscape features including high quality trees and hedgerows should be given due consideration at the advanced design stages. The impact caused by any new highways should be minimised and mitigated.
- 3.12.44 The Mersey Valley Managed Open Space is one area where the character would be significantly affected to a moderate, adverse level. As this landscape is of high value and contributes significantly to the character of the area, opportunities should be taken to avoid any adverse impacts by redesigning the scheme to one where there is less impact.
- 3.12.45 There are considerable concerns over the proposed loss of mature trees in the Mersey Valley that also contribute significantly to the character of the area. The trees provide a high value mature landscape feature and attempts should be made to avoid loss by redesigning the proposals to retain this existing important feature.
- 3.12.46 Due to the lack of appropriate criteria within the methodology, there is a reliance on professional judgement to assess the baseline and effects. Whilst this is part of the assessment process and in accordance with the Guidelines for Landscape and Visual Impact Assessment, the overall assessment lacks robustness.
- 3.12.47 Major Accidents & Natural Disasters There is a general concern that HS2 are controlling everything centrally and seem to be relying on the local authorities to contact other bodies such as GMEU, GMRU and GMRF. These bodies have not been contacted by HS2 to discuss risk and impacts.
- 3.12.48 Concern that the potential mitigation measures that are put in place by HS2 Ltd. are as low as reasonably practicable, but no testing is proposed to the mitigation systems prior to HS2 becoming operational which leaves doubt that the mitigation measures will work effectively should a disaster / major incident occur.
- 3.12.49 **Socio Economic –** Members should note that up to 40,000 additional jobs are estimated as a result of HS2/NPR with an implemented Piccadilly SRF.
- 3.12.50 A total of 490 HS2 jobs will be required within MA07, however, it is not clear what proportion of these can be taken up locally. Similarly, it is not clear what training / guidance HS2 Ltd can provide to ensure local skills can be used, outside of the apprenticeship roles. The GM local industrial strategy

highlights our STEM framework which we need to work with HS2 on.

- 3.12.51 We oppose any loss of jobs caused by the removal of businesses by HS2 and expect HS2 to actively assist businesses to relocate and to liaise with MCC to support them in this.
- 3.12.52 We wish to seek financial compensation for the loss of any part of its business rate income caused by the development of the HS2 route within the borough that has been demonstrated to cause businesses to fail or had a significant impact on their income. It is not expected that the local authority should bear the financial consequences to the detriment of its residents and businesses.
- 3.12.53 Indirect construction employment it is not clear how supply chain employment will be generated or how businesses may gain early guidance as to how to bid in to/benefit from supply chain activity.
- 3.12.54 **Traffic and Transport -** MCC are concerned that during construction and operation residential neighbourhoods will suffer with increased non-residential parking from construction workers and later passengers. Travel Plans developed for construction workers must not force off road parking, i.e., parking on grass verges.
- 3.12.55 HS2 Ltd have completed a traffic modelling study, but we have several concerns on this, notably that NPR traffic hasn't been included in modelling around the airport and major streets have not been included in the baseline data. For example, Oxford Road is open to normal traffic in the model but has been closed to Cars and HGVs for many years. This has resulted in the traffic modelling being unreliable and cast doubt on the validity of the traffic interventions proposed to the road network around Piccadilly and the Airport stations.
- 3.12.56 Beyond provision of junction improvements to provide direct access to the stations, HS2 Ltd. have not proposed any mitigation for locations on the road network where they have identified their scheme will have impacts on traffic flows, congestion, and bus delays.
- 3.12.57 Bus journey time impacts are significant during construction and show increases of over 40% on some corridors. This level of impact is not acceptable and there has been no mitigation proposed by HS2 Ltd. in the ES. This needs to be addressed.
- 3.12.58 Cycle facilities at key locations such as Pin Mill Brow, Thorley Lane, and the New Airport Access gyratory do not meet current standards and need to be improved.
- 3.12.59 The Council and our partners share a number of concerns about HS2 Ltd.'s highways proposals at the Airport station. These have been raised formally and informally with HS2 Ltd. on numerous occasions.

- 3.12.60 The Council and its partners feel that inadequate evidence has been provided on how the Airport station can be accessed; what the implications are for Junctions 5 and 6 of the M56 and the wider M56; the wider highways access; and impact on airport operations and accessibility.
- 3.12.61 Our concerns about highways access cover both the construction phase and the longer-term operation of the Airport station. There is also a lack of detail about how demand from NPR traffic will be managed.
- 3.12.62 With most of the route through the MA07 area in tunnel, emerging at Ardwick Depot, the key traffic and transport issues are around the vent shaft / headhouse locations shown in the WDES. The parking at the Christie Hospital Car Park D on Wilmslow Road; the A665 Chancellors Lane, the Siemens Ardwick Train care Facility on Rondin Road, the Fallowfield Retail Park on Birchfields Road and Hooper Street could all be affected.
- 3.12.63 The Council's policies on parking and air quality mean that significant additional private car parking capacity for rail commuters would be difficult to accept, in particular the two multi-storey car parks proposed in the ES, within the city centre. Access to the proposed multi-storey car parks is also not in accordance with the approved Piccadilly SRF.
- 3.12.64 Pin Mill Brow gyratory junction proposal is not appropriate in scale or function. It occupies a wide area, limiting development potential and creates a hostile environment for cyclists and pedestrians, with no evidence of conformity to current design requirements. It is understood that the design was developed to achieve no major adverse effects on traffic capacity, but the proposed Pin Mill Brow gyratory does not cater for the forecast future demand in either 2038 or 2046.
- 3.12.65 The proposed quantum of cycle parking (500 spaces) at Piccadilly Station is insufficient. By comparison, Cambridge station currently has 3,000 undercover cycle parking spaces.
- 3.12.66 Other key specific issues identified in MA08 are:
  - There is no consideration of walking and cycling routes or how these would form part of an integrated, place based approach to street design.
  - There is little evidence of a holistic place making approach that seeks to link in wider existing networks.
  - The hybrid Bill needs to integrate the Beeline proposals within the vicinity of Piccadilly Station and HS2 track alignment.
  - There is no mention of enhanced wayfinding to ensure passengers can make their onward journeys easily and in an efficient manner.
  - No clear connections heading to the north and the city centre are indicated.
  - Station design needs to provide the highest quality arrival experience, with legible onward connection by active modes.
  - The scale of the station and multiple rail alignments have the potential to create a severe severance effect. Permeability through these pieces of

infrastructure is key and must be demonstrated through the ES process.

- The HS2 station must be fully integrated with bus and coach services to ensure sustainable transport connections are provided.
- Metrolink forms a key interchange mode that must be fully integrated with the station designs considering future expansion and introduction of increased capacity through initiatives such as tram-train.
- The proposed location of the revised Pin Mill Brow junction impacts on several high-rise buildings and an urban park proposed in the Piccadilly SRF. This is not acceptable to the Council and alternative layouts need to be explored and discussed. Any changes to the highways layout in this location needs to be in accordance with approved planning.
- 3.12.67 Water Resources and Flood Risk The Palatine Road vent shaft will change the flood flow immediately surrounding the vent shaft site. Modelling is underway and will continue during the passage of the Bill, to identify avoidance and mitigation measures to reduce the impact on peak flood levels around the Palatine Road vent shaft. Any permanent moderate adverse effects are unacceptable.
- 3.12.68 The hydrology assessment within the Mersey Model report uses event data between 1955 and 2012. The model has been further calibrated against Storm Christoph (Jan 2021). The results outline no substantial change in the overall model results. It is recommended further engagement with the Environment Agency continues to ensure the hydrology is appropriate for future detailed design. We are concerned that the hybrid Bill is going ahead without
- 3.12.69 Mitigation measures will be required to reduce the impact of the Proposed Scheme on peak flood levels at the receptors in Northenden, Stenner Lane and along Palatine Road. Details of mitigation & 'Significance' need to be agreed with EA.

#### 3.13 Volume 3: Route-wide Effects

- 3.13.1 Agriculture, Forestry and Soils There is a well-established robust land classification methodology for the whole route. The approach assesses all best and most versatile agricultural land (grades 1-3a) as of the same value: there are areas of grade 1 peatland in the western section, which are quite a scarce resource nationally but especially locally.
- 3.13.2 **Community** it is noted that details of potential construction worker impacts are to be completed and that community issues will generally be dealt with at the local level. Comments are included in the Community Area sections of this report.
- 3.13.3 **Socio-economics** 'it has been assumed that 88% of the business occupiers displaced by the scheme will successfully relocate to alternative locations and no employment will be lost. The other 12% of occupiers are assumed to close rather than relocate'. It is noted that this assumption was based on the research into the relocation of companies and jobs on account

of the London 2012 Olympic Games. Given the potential effects of this estimate and for the purposes of assessing the worst-case scenario, it is considered that the London-based case study does not represent the base case for the Crewe to Manchester route. Similarly, the assumption that a proportion of the 88% of the businesses which are in rural areas will be able to re-locate is not considered representative of the worst-case scenario for loss of FTEs. It should be noted that businesses are likely to be far more vulnerable after the Covid pandemic and their cash reserves may be much lower which will mean they are more fragile to any form of business interruption and as such the 12% figure given could be higher than the London based case study.

- 3.13.4 There is already significant development in progress and planned around the HS2 stations. This has material implications for economic impact and appropriate mitigation.
- 3.13.5 As noted above, an estimated 8,870 full time equivalent posts would be created during the construction period. HS2 Ltd. has committed to providing a minimum of 2,000 apprenticeships over Phase 1 and Phase 2a. A similar commitment should be provided for Phase 2b and HS2 Ltd. should work with the Council and Greater Manchester Combined Authority on this.
- 3.13.6 As highlighted above, the Council and partners would like to see schemes in place to ensure that as many of the HS2-related jobs as possible go to local people. HS2 Ltd. should engage with the City and GM partners to ensure this, building on work already in place in GM.

#### 3.14 Code of Construction Practice

- 3.14.1 The ES includes a Code of Construction Practice, including mitigation measures to reduce and manage traffic and transport impacts as well as issues such as noise. The document also includes a commitment to limit the use of materials and the generation of waste.
- 3.14.2 Details of how construction would be managed are still emerging and officers will continue to work with HS2 Ltd. to further understand the impact and the proposed mitigation to limit this.
- 3.14.3 **Waste Material –** 'The disposal of 10,000,000 tonnes per annum of inert waste represents approximately 100% of the total inert landfill capacity in the North West region' is of concern. More information is needed on estimated levels of inert waste over the project (2025-2038) and disposal measures employed to allow WPAs to understand capacity requirements.

#### 3.15 **Conclusion – Environmental Statement**

3.15.1 We welcome the opportunity to comment on the Environment Statement. However, there is a lack of detail on issues of major significance and clearly much more work needs to be done to satisfy the Council and that the scheme has holistically considered all the impacts and mitigations what Manchester requires during and after construction. There are a significant number of areas of concern which we will raise as part of the Council's response to the ES. We will also continue to press HS2 Ltd. and DfT to work with the City Council and our GM Partners on the gaps that have been identified.

3.15.2 Officers will continue working with HS2, DfT, TfN and other partners on the detailed design development of the proposed scheme. We will continue to argue for world class, fully integrated stations with a build it once, build it right approach.

#### 4.0 HS2 Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill EQIA

- 4.1 Equalities Impact Assessment Report this considers the potential effects of the construction and operation of HS2 Phase 2B on people with protected characteristics and explains how HS2 Ltd. proposes to avoid /reduce any adverse effects. These are people protected by the Equality Act 2010.
- 4.2 Christie Hospital The landscape and visual assessment in the ES has identified a significant adverse visual effect at The Christie Hospital because of the construction of the Wilmslow Road vent shaft and associated construction traffic. There will also be night-time effects associated with additional lighting required for the Wilmslow Road vent shaft satellite compound, which will intensify existing night-time sky glow. Evidence from Cancer Research suggests that some drugs used in chemotherapy treatment can increase sensitivity to light or change in visual stimuli. There is therefore the potential for wider impacts on patients at The Christie Hospital.
- 4.3 Christie Hospital -The permanent loss of Car Park D, including the loss of all Blue Badge parking spaces and wheelchair shelters, will give rise to disproportionate and differential effects for disabled people including those with cancer attending the hospital for treatment or to visit other patients.
- 4.4 Disabled people, older people and children are being particularly disadvantaged by disruption construction, loss of public spaces, impacts of routes changing, less parking, air quality, replacing accessible trams with buses, relocating bs stops, temporary access and impact on loss of play areas and disruption to children's education etc. Further consideration is needed on the cumulative effect on these groups when developing mitigations. There is a lack of clarity on what the mechanisms will be for ongoing equalities analysis, equality stakeholder engagement and the need to refresh the data based on Census 2021. HS2 is required to revise the disproportionate data analysis model. Disability groups most likely to be affected are mobility, mental health, neurodiversity and sensory and this will be for all ages.
- 4.5 Housing impact Vulnerable householders are at risk of mental health or physical impact due to uncertainty of HS2 altering existing routes or evictions if residences are compulsory purchased and not considering the residents surroundings (e.g., specific accessibility needs for your house).

- 4.6 The Council is concerned that the proposed HS2 station is not appropriately integrated with the facilities of the existing Piccadilly Station. A more integrated design would provide a common and more legible approach for HS2 and non-HS2 passengers, enabling choice between a wider variety of ancillary facilities and reducing unnecessary changes of level and therefore allowing better accessibility for all.
- 4.7 Buildings and structures are required to be demolished in most community areas assessed within the Councils boundaries. The Council would wish to ensure that adequate engagement, assistance, and support is provided for all affected, specifically those that would require additional support with understanding and going through the compensation process. Further support and information are required for impacted local businesses and community facilities and homes on the mechanisms being considered, alongside what support can be provided with the financial compensation

#### 4.8 **Conclusion - EQIA**

- 4.8.1 We are concerned at the lack of detail within the EQIA. We hope to work with HS2 to resolve the issues to identified to make sure HS2 works for everyone in our city.
- 4.8.2 Lighting around the Christie for construction of the Ventilation shaft needs HS2 to mitigate the impacts to patients who have a light sensitivity due to cancer treatment by working with the Christie Hospital.
- 4.8.3 The loss of disabled car parking at the Christie needs replacing by HS2 Ltd.
- 4.8.4 Disabled, older and vulnerable people (including children) are being particularly disadvantaged by the disruption caused by HS2 construction activities. The level changes in the HS2 station integration with the classic Piccadilly Station is one shortfall.
- 4.8.5 Demolitions and compulsory purchases must ensure that residents and business are adequately compensated and have their needs considered during relocation.

#### 5.0 Petitioning the Crewe-Manchester hybrid Bill

- 5.1 The extraordinary Council meeting on 4<sup>th</sup> March 2022 granted delegated authority to the Strategic Director for Growth and Development in consultation with the Leader of the Council to petition against the HS2 Phase2B hybrid Bill.
- 5.2 The paper presented at the Council meeting gave an overview of likely petitioning items. This Executive paper describes the issues of concern in more detail, although it should be noted that, due to the size and complexity of the hybrid Bill further issues may be identified following this report, which it is felt may need to be included in the final petition.

- 5.3 As with previous responses to HS2 Ltd consultations, Manchester is continuing to work closely with Greater Manchester (GM) Partners in preparing their respective petitions. The Council's petition will be aligned with those of other GM partners, whilst emphasising and highlighting issues of particular concern for the city.
- 5.4 As part of the Council and GM partner's ongoing work with HS2 Ltd on development of the scheme, a series of Critical Issues have been identified and these have been regularly raised and discussed with HS2 Ltd and DfT. The Critical Issues relate to areas of concern for the city and GM Partners and are issues which are fundamental to the success of HS2 Phase 2b in GM. The Critical Issues form the basis of our petition response, which has been refined in line with the exact contents of the hybrid Bill.
- 5.5 The Council's response to previous consultations on HS2 notes the critical importance for the HS2 and NPR proposals to be aligned with, and support, the city's range of existing and emerging strategies and policy documents. These include:
  - City Centre Transport Strategy to 2040
  - Manchester Climate Change Framework 2020-25
  - Our Manchester Strategy and Our Manchester Industrial Strategy
  - City Centre Strategic Plan (CCSP)
  - Greater Manchester HS2 & NPR Growth Strategy
  - Greater Manchester Clean Air Plan
  - Greater Manchester Spatial Framework (GMSF)
  - Strategic Regeneration Frameworks (SRFs) for the localities surrounding, and linked to, the Stations including:
    - Piccadilly SRF 2018
    - Mayfield SRF
    - Portugal Street East SRF
    - o IQ Manchester (North Campus) SRF
    - Wythenshawe Hospital Campus SRF
    - Airport City
- 5.6 The key issues proposed to be included within the Council's petition are set out below. All these issues have been raised previously with DfT and HS2 Ltd on numerous occasions, both through our formal consultation responses and informal engagement.

#### 5.7 Manchester Piccadilly Station

5.7.1 It is imperative to create a station at Manchester Piccadilly that is a world class, fully integrated transport hub which can actively maximise economic growth and the regeneration of the eastern side of the city centre. A 'Build it Once, Build it Right' strategic approach to transport investment at Piccadilly can ensure the earliest transformation of Piccadilly Station; avoid significant and long-term disruption and blight; and promote investor confidence. We believe that the design for Manchester Piccadilly High Speed station should

specifically consider Piccadilly in terms of the integration between HS2, NPR, the wider rail network and local growth and regeneration.

- 5.7.2 The surface terminus station proposed for Manchester station within the hybrid Bill does not deliver the right solution to provide the required level of reliability and resilience to effectively support the wider High-Speed network. Furthermore, it significantly impacts on the delivery of the place-making and economic growth agenda set out in the approved Piccadilly SRF and the GM HS2 / NPR Growth Strategy. The hybrid Bill proposal illustrates a 'bolt on' of NPR onto the HS2 scheme, as opposed to taking a holistic view of how to best deliver a fully integrated HS2 and NPR solution, considering long term capacity, reliability, connectivity, and future proofing.
- 5.7.3 A report commissioned by MCC and TfGM from Bechtel to review the proposed HS2/NPR station at Piccadilly Station concluded that a fully underground and re-orientated through-station could address the constraints of the existing proposal, offer much more flexibility and long-term capacity for future train service provision, as well as potentially reducing the amount of track and tunnel required to connect to the Airport station. Specific issues at Piccadilly highlighted in the report, and to be raised in the Council's petition, relate to:
  - Capacity, Reliability, Resilience & Future Proofing lack of capacity in the current surface station, which would be at full capacity on day 1 of its operation.
  - **Customer Experience** the need for a fully integrated and connected multi-modal transport hub, able to accommodate predicted future user numbers.
  - Place making & Supporting Economic Growth the loss of development land, and therefore economic and regeneration benefits because of the combined HS2 and NPR surface station.
  - Sequencing of investment "build it once, build it right" approach,
  - The application of onerous standards for HS2 which may have impeded the development of an optimum solution for Piccadilly station.
- 5.7.4 In addition, the provision of a NPR route towards Leeds, included within the Integrated Rail Plan, suggest that a significant amount of surface infrastructure will be needed in the Ardwick area to enable the NPR trains to use a surface station. This infrastructure will cause blight and severance to the surrounding communities, as well as leading to a loss of a significant amount of developable land, impeding future economic growth and provision of jobs. Such infrastructure would not be needed with an underground station.
- 5.7.5 The Council's petition will request a fully underground HS2/NPR station be designed and approved for Piccadilly Station".

#### 5.8 Gateway House

5.8.1 Gateway House is a building completed in 1969 and located on Station

Approach at Manchester Piccadilly Station. The HS2 Manchester-Crewe hybrid Bill does not include powers for HS2 Ltd to acquire and demolish Gateway House and therefore fails to provide an adequate interchange facility at Manchester Piccadilly Station. It further fails to provide an attractive and fit for purpose gateway into the city centre that will meet anticipated increased pedestrian capacity through Piccadilly Station and facilitate the regeneration set out in the Manchester Piccadilly SRF. This failure will create congestion, unnecessary pressure on the station entrance, an unappealing and low-quality arrival plaza and gateway to the city centre and discourage the use of public transport. Furthermore, the retention of Gateway House restricts sustainable connection between the Western end of the Boulevard envisaged in the SRF, the new station, the core of the city centre and the Piccadilly SRF area.

5.8.2 We believe that the removal of Gateway House is necessary to deliver regeneration and support economic growth, which is a stated objective of HS2. Its removal would enhance connectivity across the city centre and align with the SRF for Piccadilly. The proposals within the hybrid Bill also assume that Metrolink will be routed underneath Gateway House. It is currently not clear if this will be technically possible while Gateway House remains. We will, therefore, request that the hybrid Bill be amended to include the acquisition and demolition of Gateway House and an undertaking given that the final design of Manchester Piccadilly provides an integrated station and station approach, that delivers a high-quality gateway which is in accordance with the strategic vision for Manchester.

#### 5.9 **Piccadilly Highways Works**

- 5.9.1 The hybrid Bill gyratory junction layout at Pin Mill Brow is too expansive and does not consider local transport and environment, zero carbon and clean air policies, which look to reduce car trips into the city centre, or of the station's city centre location. They also take a considerable amount of land in the SRF area, creating a loss of vital development land, and a poor local environment. The proposed gyratory will, therefore, result in significant adverse impacts on the regeneration proposals within the city centre.
- 5.9.2 The Council is also concerned about the quality of traffic modelling that has been undertaken by HS2 Ltd to inform the highway design that is proposed. The modelling does not consider some recent GM led highways improvements (for example Oxford Road traffic calming and bus lane improvements) or take account of the "Right Mix" plans within the GM 2040 Transport Strategy and City Centre Transport Strategy. This is important as it will have a fundamental impact on traffic flows across the city centre including the assumptions made for Pin Mill Brow, which seek to reduce the amount of private car journeys in favour of an increase in public transport and active travel journeys.
- 5.9.3 The Council's petition will, therefore, request that DfT replaces the hybrid Bill gyratory design with an alternative which takes up a much smaller land area and so better integrates with the Piccadilly SRF and is more closely aligned

to policies aimed at reducing journeys into the city centre by private car, as well as being less of a barrier to pedestrians and cyclist.

#### 5.10 Parking & Multi Modal Interchange at Piccadilly Station

- 5.10.1 The hybrid Bill includes two multi storey car parks with a total capacity of approximately 2,000 parking spaces, situated on the proposed Boulevard included in the Piccadilly SRF, adjacent to the HS2 Manchester Piccadilly station. The amount and location of car parking at Manchester Piccadilly is unacceptable to the Council and needs to be appropriate to its city centre location, next to a major transport hub, and in the context of the Piccadilly SRF and wider policy initiatives, including Manchester's Climate Change Framework, the City Centre Transport Strategy, GM 2040 Strategy and GM Clean Air Plan, as well as the government's own Transport Decarbonisation Plan.
- 5.10.2 The Boulevard within the SRF is envisaged as a major piece of public realm, connecting the Piccadilly Central areas and East Manchester into the city, and providing a key business address which can drive development within the area. It is intended to be pedestrian dominated space, with traffic movements restricted to access only. Placing two large car parks with 2,000 spaces will result both in the loss of prime development land, but will also detract from the environment, attractiveness, and purpose of the Boulevard, as well as un-necessarily encourage car trips.
- 5.10.3 Our petition will request that parking numbers are considerably reduced (ideally providing spaces for essential rail operation uses only); that parking is moved to a different location; and that HS2 Ltd. work with MCC and other GM partners to find an acceptable solution which promotes a move to public transport and other sustainable transport modes.
- 5.10.4 We will also be requesting that HS2 Ltd. work collaboratively with Council and GM Partners to provide a "multi modal interchange" adjacent to the HS2 station, providing a bus/coach facility, that can enable easy switching between bus, heavy rail and Metrolink transport.

#### 5.11 Network Rail Maintenance Ramp

5.11.1 The hybrid Bill proposes the relocation of the current ramp used by Network Rail to access the viaduct at Piccadilly Station for maintenance and catering. MCC have significant concerns about the proposed vehicle route to the new access ramp, as set out in the hybrid Bill, which routes vehicles through an area of the Mayfield development. This area is not suitable for road vehicles and is planned for closure under proposals in the approved Mayfield SRF and significantly compromises the development by routing heavy duty traffic through the area. The proposals will impact the first phase of the Mayfield development and the overall quality of the environment of the area, detracting from the ability to secure and retain business in the area, and consequently the ability to deliver the growth and jobs outcomes. Therefore, the current proposals are unacceptable. 5.11.2 The Council's petition will request that HS2 work with the Council, the Mayfield Partnership and TfGM to develop an alternative, locally acceptable route for the Network Rail ramp, that minimises adverse impacts on one of the city's most significant growth and regeneration areas.

#### 5.12 Relocation of North Block Services

5.12.1 To construct the new HS2 station, it is necessary to demolish and relocate an office block which is situated next to Gateway House. This building is known as "North Block". The proposal within the hybrid Bill is to build a replacement facility over the Network Rail "relay room", which is located between the proposed Network Rail Ramp and the train operator catering facilities. These proposals are likely to extend the disruption to residents, because the relay room itself is likely to need to be upgraded in the 2040s, shortly after HS2 and NPR construction completes. The petition requests an amendment to the hybrid Bill to include provision to enable the relay room to be relocated during HS2's construction.

#### 5.13 Metrolink at Manchester Piccadilly

- 5.13.1 The Council are in full support of the relocation and enhancement of the Metrolink stop at Piccadilly Station to beneath the HS2 station, as proposed in the hybrid Bill. The relocation and improvement of the Metrolink Stop is essential to both the future capacity of the Metrolink system and the experience of passengers. The Metrolink stop at Piccadilly needs to align with the proposals set out in the Piccadilly SRF and GM Growth Strategy, to enable the transformative growth and regeneration of the area, creating a world-class, 'one station solution.'
- 5.13.2 The relocation of Metrolink enables a future Metrolink stop to be provided at Piccadilly Central to serve the SRF area. The hybrid Bill only provides "passive provision" for future construction of the Piccadilly Central stop. We believe that the hybrid Bill should provide the powers to enable the full delivery of Piccadilly Central.
- 5.13.3 We consider that further work needs to be done to properly mitigate the impacts on Metrolink operations during the construction of HS2's Piccadilly station. We expect HS2 Ltd. to manage this in partnership with Transport for Greater Manchester and to prioritise reducing disruption to Metrolink customers and operations.
- 5.13.4 The hybrid Bill proposals include the full closure of the Ashton Line for a period of approximately 2 years, with a replacement bus service. This level of disruption is totally unacceptable to MCC and GM partners.
- 5.13.5 MCC oppose the location of the tram turnback at New Islington as it impacts on the adjacent Pollard Street development (which has received planning permission), resulting in potential delays to the project and loss of jobs. We believe that the turnback facility should instead be located at the Velopark

tram stop, which would both avoid the impact on Pollard Street and provide the potential opportunity for additional future services to be run to serve the Etihad Campus and Coop Live Arena. Our petition will request that the turnback is located at Velopark, rather than New Islington, and that the potential disruption to Metrolink services and passengers is minimised.

# 5.14 Issues with the Manchester Tunnel: Tunnel Portal Relocation & Ventilation Shafts

- 5.14.1 Changes made to the track alignments during previous reviews of the HS2 route to Manchester, to avoid the Ardwick depot, the widening of the viaduct, and inclusion of the passive provision for NPR, conflict with existing and approved plans set out within the Piccadilly SRF and cause severance to the Mayfield area. The Council requests that a 'place based' approach is taken at the Piccadilly and Ardwick areas, to ensure that the proposals fully support the regeneration and growth plans at Piccadilly and Mayfield. There is also a need to consider the impact of the new alignment on proposed future alignments for NPR, as well as future alignments for tram train, and alternative highways layouts, re-emphasising the need for a fully holistic approach.
- 5.14.2 The proposal in the hybrid Bill to locate a ventilation shaft immediately adjacent to Birchfields Primary School, on part of the Fallowfield Retail is unacceptable. It will have a significant impact on both the primary school and the nearby MEA Central Academy School particularly during construction; remove local retail facilities; and cause job losses through the impacts on the retail park. It will also remove the 'Park & Stride' scheme, which helps to improve children's safety. The Council have previously suggested 4 alternative locations for the ventilation shaft in the immediate area, which we do not believe have been adequately considered by HS2 Ltd. MCC's petition will request that the hybrid Bill be amended to relocate this ventilation shaft to another location, as previously suggested, preferably at the site of the University of Manchester Armitage Sports Centre.
- 5.14.3 The final designs of the ventilation shafts and headhouses need to provide for appropriate flood mitigation at the proposed Palatine Road site; respond sensitively to the local environment; and fully mitigate any impact on residents and business during constructions.

#### 5.15 Manchester Airport Station Design & "Shallow Cutting"

5.15.1 As the UK's third busiest airport after Heathrow and Gatwick, and which plays a pivotal role in providing access to international markets from the North of England, Manchester Airport and is central to delivering the levelling up agenda and post COVID-19 economic recovery. HS2, NPR and Metrolink connectivity at Manchester Airport will require fully integrated station solutions. The design of the HS2 Airport Station also needs to be fully integrated with local development plans and existing planning policies, including Places for Everyone, ensuring proper connections to the surrounding development areas included within this plan.

5.15.2 In the hybrid Bill, the HS2/NPR station forecourt is raised by approximately 5m above the level previously proposed in the 2018 Working Draft Environmental Statement, i.e. a change from 'deep cutting' to 'shallow cutting'. We are also concerned that these design changes will give rise to unacceptable impacts on nearby residents, as well as causing significant integration problems for the surrounding development site. There is concern that residents in the Newall Green area of Manchester will be impacted by the shallow cutting as this community sits just above the tunnel portal entrance. There is the potential for the shallow cutting to result in a greater impact from the noise of HS2 trains entering and leaving the tunnel, as well as its proximity to the construction site. Our petition will request that the hybrid Bill be amended to mitigate these impacts, including further engagement on design amendments and environmental impact mitigation, particularly the noise impacts near the tunnel portal for Newall Green residents during and after construction.

#### 5.16 Metrolink at Manchester Airport

- 5.16.1 The HS2 Ltd hybrid Bill proposals sever TfGM's existing Metrolink powers to operate and maintain a Metrolink route that connects to the HS2/NPR Manchester Airport Station. The hybrid Bill includes provision for an isolated Metrolink stop above the high-speed station without providing the necessary replacement powers to connect to the wider network. This is a totally inadequate and unacceptable approach which needs to be rectified through the hybrid Bill process.
- 5.16.2 Furthermore, because of HS2's proposal for a disconnected Metrolink stop, the hybrid Bill proposes access to Manchester Airport from the HS2 station by a shuttle bus. These shuttle buses will add congestion to an already congested highway network. This does not align with local policy.
- 5.16.3 Our petition requests that the hybrid Bill is amended to include sufficient powers for the construction, operation, and maintenance of a Metrolink route that connects to the Airport high speed station. These powers should also be sufficient to enable TfGM to construct a turnout immediately to the west of the high-speed station for its proposed tram-train extension to the southwest.
- 5.16.4 A further issue is caused by the shallow cut station design, which has resulted in the Metrolink tram stop and approach viaducts being similarly raised to a significant height above existing ground level, leading to an increase in construction cost, embodied carbon, and environmental impacts. MCC and GM Partners expect that any increase in costs to the Metrolink scheme and mitigation will be covered by the DfT

#### 5.17 Highways Issues at Manchester Airport

5.17.1 The Council and GM Partners do not believe the proposed highway accesses between the HS2 Airport station and Junction 6 of the M56 will accommodate future demand relating to the Strategic Road Network as a result of HS2, NPR and committed local developments. It is evident that significant changes are needed to the highway works in this location. These should be agreed with the Council and the other affected local highway authorities.

- 5.17.2 The Council is further concerned about the fact that the local highway network will be used by approximately 1,000 HGVs per day during construction. This will have significant adverse impacts on the Airport, the local economy, residents, the highway network, and the environment.
- 5.17.3 MCC and GM partners have previously requested that HS2 Ltd. consider options to use rail to move a proportion of materials required to construct the Airport station and tunnel portal, to reduce the level of road-based construction traffic. As part of our petition, we will set out our expectation that HS2 Ltd. undertake a specific, comprehensive study on the use of a railhead system to transport materials to and from the Manchester Airport high speed station site, and, if supported by this study and a full environmental impact assessment, that an Additional Provision is promoted to provide for the use of a conveyor/ railhead system. We would expect that this work considers the impact on residents and maximises the legacy opportunities from the temporary rail links needed for the construction material.
- 5.17.4 Further information will also be requested on how vehicle parking numbers have been determined, to ensure the right level of provision at the Airport Station, which also considers the impact on congestion and zero-carbon policies, and policies to encourage travel by public transport and active modes.

# 5.18 Other Potential Petitioning Issues: Impact on the West Coast Main Line (WCML)

5.18.1 The hybrid Bill documents refer to over 60 potential weekend closures on different parts of the existing WCML during the construction of the HS2 Crewe-Manchester line. We believe that this will cause unacceptable disruption to passengers (over 9-years), especially given the trend for increased leisure rail travel following the Covid-19 pandemic. MCC's petition will seek further information on this and request that alternative options are looked at to minimise the disruption on rail passengers.

#### 6.0 Immediate Next Steps

- 6.1.1 The immediate priority is for the formal response to the ES to be finalised and submitted by 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022.
- 6.1.2 Officers will continue to work on developing the Council's petition and the evidence to support it. The exact dates of the formal petitioning period are currently unknown, however when the period does start, the Council will have 25 days to submit its petition (objection) to the hybrid Bill.

#### 7.0 Next steps on the wider HS2 programme

7.1 Table 3 below sets out the anticipated high-level timetable based on the latest information available.

Table 3: HS2 Phase 2b Hybrid Bill programme	(estimated dates)
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Key Activities	Timelines	
hybrid Bill deposit (including	24 <sup>th</sup> January 2022	
Environmental Statement)		
Environmental Statement Consultation	25 <sup>th</sup> January – 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2022	
Second Reading/ Petitioning Period (inc.	Mid-May – Summer 2022	
preparation time)		
Negotiations with HS2 Ltd	Summer - Autumn 2022	
Select Committee Hearings	Autumn 2022 – Winter 2023	
(Commons)	Autumin 2022 – Winter 2023	
Overall hybrid Bill parliamentary process	2022 – 2024/25	
Royal Assent	Late 2024 / Early 2025	
Construction	2025 – 2035	
Testing and Commissioning	2035 – 2040	
Operation	2040	

Manchester Council, with GM Partners, will continue to work with HS2 Ltd. and DfT on the HS2 Phase 2b hybrid Bill to ensure that it delivers the maximum benefit to Manchester and GM.

#### 8.0 Hybrid Bill – Conclusion

- 8.1 The City Council and partners have reiterated their strong support for HS2 and the station locations at Manchester Airport and Piccadilly Station. HS2 is vital in increasing the capacity and connectivity of Britain's rail network, and the combination of HS2 and NPR improvements can help deliver a transformational step-change in the connectivity of the North's major city regions, helping to underpin economic growth across the North of England and deliver levelling up.
- 8.2 However, there remain several concerns that still need to be resolved with the HS2 scheme as set out in the hybrid Bill, before the full benefits can be realised. As a result, the Council are proposing to petition certain elements of the hybrid Bill to ensure Manchester gets the right infrastructure for this once in a generation opportunity we need to future-proof our city and drive economic growth and levelling up.
- 8.3 Officers will continue working with HS2 Ltd., DfT, TfN and other partners on the design development during negations through and following the hybrid Bill process. It is important that MCC are engaged in detailed discussions over the designs of the new stations and associated infrastructure (including vents shafts) to minimise their impact on our residents, local communities and ensure seamless integration with their surroundings.
- 8.4 Recommendations appear at the front of the report.

#### 9.0 Urgency of Decision

- 9.1 This report is considered to be 'urgent business' and as such the decision should be exempted from the 'call-in' process for the following reason(s):
- 9.2 There is an absolute deadline of 31st March for the submission of the response to the ES & EQIA. Calling in this decision puts the Council at risk of missing this deadline as if the decision were to be called-in there would be no further Economy Scrutiny Committee before 31<sup>st</sup> March and the Council would have missed its chance to make representations in respect of the effects the ES and EQIA would on the city the residents.

#### **10.0** Key Policies and Considerations

#### (a) Equal Opportunities

10.1 HS2 and NPR, and the development of the areas surrounding the stations are anticipated to provide additional job opportunities available to residents and improved transport connections to those opportunities. As part of the GM Growth Strategy, a GM High Speed Rail Skills Strategy has been developed to ensure that residents are able to acquire the skills to access the jobs created, and work continues with the Greater Manchester Combined Authority to deliver this.

#### (b) Risk Management

10.2 The Council will work closely with Government, Transport for the North (TfN), TfGM and other partners to minimise risks arising from the design, construction and delivery of HS2, NPR and the GM Growth Strategy.

#### (c) Legal Considerations

10.3 The team are being supported by the city solicitor's department throughout the ES and hybrid Bill petition process.

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# Manchester City Council Report for Information

Report to:	Economy Scrutiny Committee – 10 March 2022
Subject:	Update on COVID-19 Activity
Report of:	Director of City Centre Growth and Infrastructure and Director of Inclusive Economy

#### Summary

This report provides Committee Members with a further update summary of the current situation in the city in relation to COVID-19 and an update on the work progressing in Manchester in relation to areas within the remit of this Committee. Further detail on specific issues will be available as required.

#### Recommendations

The Committee is requested to note the update.

## Wards Affected: All

**Environmental Impact Assessment** - the impact of the issues addressed in this report on achieving the zero-carbon target for the city

Manchester Strategy Outcomes	Summary of how this report aligns to the OMS
A thriving and sustainable city: supporting a diverse and distinctive economy that creates jobs and opportunities	This unprecedented national and international crisis impacts on all areas of our city. The 'Our Manchester' approach has underpinned the planning and delivery of our response, working in partnership and identifying innovative ways to continue to deliver services and to establish new
A highly skilled city: world class and home grown talent sustaining the city's economic success	services as quickly as possible to support the most vulnerable in our city.
	A reset of the Our Manchester Strategy is now underway following a meeting of the Our

A progressive and equitable city: making a positive contribution by unlocking the potential of our communities	Manchester Forum on 16 June 2020. An extensive engagement exercise will take place to inform a draft document in late 2020 and a final version in February 2021.
A liveable and low carbon city: a destination of choice to live, visit, work	
A connected city: world class infrastructure and connectivity to drive growth	

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# Background documents (available for public inspection): None

# Economic Recovery Workstream- Sitrep Summary

Thursday 3 March 2022 Latest updates shown in yellow.

Issue/theme/ activity area	Impact/ challenges experienced	Key planning and response activity being undertaken
General	ONS data: recent releases by	Powering Recovery: Manchester's Recovery and Investment
Overview	the ONS show that unemployment was at 4.1%, employment was at 75.5% for October to December 2021, however wages are lagging behind inflation despite an increase in basic pay for the same period. Vacancies across most industries rose in January, with the biggest increase UK- wide in the accommodation and	<ul> <li><i>Plan'</i> launched in Nov. Four investment priorities around: innovation; city centre and urban realm; residential retrofit programme; and North Manchester regeneration. Seeking govt funding for over 50 projects of £798.8 m. The plan can be accessed <u>here</u>.</li> <li><i>United City</i> business-led campaign launched 22/11 and supported by MCC.</li> <li>Business Sounding Board and Real Estate subgroup continue to meet regularly to share intel across sectors and to help support MCC lobbying.</li> </ul>
	food services sector. <b>ONS trade data</b> shows that UK exports of goods to the EU have fallen by £20billion, compared with 2018, the most recent 'stable' period (before COVID and Brexit):	Weekly MCC <b>newsletter</b> issued to over 10,000 businesses with updates. Business support and engagement; the various networks are beginning to function again in person post-pandemic. In addition, interest is being assessed amongst stakeholders in some new place specific groups such as St Ann's Square and King Street. Options to address the challenge of empty premises are to be further
	<ul> <li>the combined impact of the pandemic and</li> </ul>	

	Britain's exit from the	considered- some 'pop-up' use by community or charity groups has
	single market caused a	proved successful.
	12% fall in exports	
	between January and	
	December 2021	
•	Imports from non-EU	
	countries remain higher	
	than from EU countries	
	for the 11th consecutive	
	month and continue to be	
	driven by increasing	
	imports of fuels	
•	The Business Insights	
	and Conditions Survey	
	(BICS) reports that 66%	
	of exporters and 79% of	
	importers faced	
	challenges in late	
	December 2021 to early	
	January 2022 with	
	additional paperwork,	
	change in transportation	
	costs and customs duties	
	or levels being the top	
	challenges for traders.	
•	Outbound shipments of	
	clothing and footwear to	
	the EU were both down	
	by almost 60% compared	
	with 2018. Clothing	
	<mark>exports have been</mark>	

affected because a high	
proportion of garments	
sold by UK retailers are	
made in Asia or the US,	
making them ineligible	
for the tariffs negotiated	
in the post-Brexit trade	
deal.	
Latest ONS economic data	
and business indicators:	
<ul> <li>In the week to 26</li> </ul>	
February 2022, overall	
retail footfall in the UK	
increased by 11% from	
the previous week, a	
period affected by	
adverse weather	
conditions throughout the	
UK, and was 83% of the	
level seen in the	
equivalent week of 2019;	
this is 7% higher than	
two weeks ago	
(Springboard).	
<ul> <li>The seven-day average</li> </ul>	
estimate of UK seated	
diners increased by 12	
percentage points in the	
week to 28 February	
2022, to 131% of the	

level in the equivalent
week of 2019; this
follows a 10-percentage
point fall in the previous
week (OpenTable).
Approximately 19% of
the workforce were
estimated to be using a
hybrid model of working,
with a further 11% of the
workforce estimated to
be working from home in
mid February 2022; 62%
of the workforce were
estimated to be working
from a designated
workplace (not from
home).
The number of people
who are wearing face
coverings in shops and
public transport is
decreasing, with a
reduction in the number
of people worried about
the effect of COVID (43%
of adults surveyed, which
is lowest proportion since
October 2021).
COVID rules change: <u>as of 24</u>
February, the government lifted
reordary, the government litted

the law requiring anyone who	
tests positive for COVID to self-	
isolate, and children and people	
working in education will no	
longer be required to test twice	
a week. The government will	
continue to recommend that	
people should stay at home if	
they test positive but as of 1	
April, this will end, and free	
public testing will also end. A	
Spring booster will be available	
to those over 75 and anyone	
over 12 who is	
immunosuppressed.	
2022 Michelin Guide: eleven	
Manchester city centre	
restaurants made the 2022	
Michelin Guide, with Mana –	
who received the city's first star	
in over 40 years in 2019 –	
retaining its star.	
retaining its star.	
Deleitte Crene Survey	
Deloitte Crane Survey:	
Deloitte released its annual	
Crane Survey for the year from	
2 January 2021 to 5 January	
2022. The report covers the city	
centre plus the Blackfriars,	

Greengate and Chapel St areas	
of Salford. The key headlines	
are that Manchester and Salford	
have been remarkably resilient	
during 2021 and whilst there	
has certainly been some	
rebalancing of market activity	
over the last 2 years, overall	
construction levels are well	
above average for the city.	
Completions during 2021:	
<ul> <li>5,549 new homes</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>404,584 sqft of office</li> </ul>	
space	
<ul> <li>466 hotel beds</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>143,848 sqft of retail and</li> </ul>	
leisure space	
<ul> <li>938,876 sqft of education</li> </ul>	
space	
<ul> <li>492 student beds</li> </ul>	
New leaseholder protections:	
the <u>Building Safety Bill</u> will go to	
the House of Lords on 21	
February, featuring	
amendments including a	
Government guarantee that no	
leaseholder living in medium or	

high-rise buildings will have to
pay a penny for the removal of
cladding. Developers and
product manufacturers that do
not help fix the cladding scandal
could be blocked from the
housing market; the
government will be able to block
planning permission and
building control sign-off on
developments, effectively
preventing them from building
and selling new homes.
and sening new nomes.
Further details on revamped
New Century Hall: the historic
music venue has been
rebranded New Century ahead
of its opening. The building has
undergone extensive
refurbishment and will host a
'multi-use social hub' as an
event space, as well as a
diverse food offer New Century
Kitchen. In the basement will be
the Access Creative College,
which provides courses in
 creative industries. A further

200,000sqft of speculative, net	
zero carbon office space will be	
provided.	
<b>RIBA NW shortlist revealed:</b>	
three Manchester buildings	
have made <u>RIBA's North West</u>	
shortlist for the RIBA Regional	
Awards 2022. The entries	
include the Anco&Co PRS	
scheme on Blossom Street, the	
Special Exhibition Gallery at the	
Science & Industry Museum,	
and the Grosvenor East	
Building for MMU on Oxford	
Road.	
New openings: The Alan, a	
new design-led hotel at 18	
Princess Street has opened,	
with 137 rooms provided. Pizza	
restaurant Rudy's has lodged	
an application to convert the	
former Dawson's music shop on	
Portland Street into their third	
store. The new Hello Oriental	
food hall opened on 12	
February in Symphony Park at	
Circle Square, with an Asian	

	supermarket, specialist retailers
	and open kitchens and
	restaurant and event space.
	The foodhall features an
	impressive architecturally
	designed ceiling. At the Great
	Northern Warehouse, a new
	roller skating experience will
	open in May, creating 35 jobs.
	The leisure venue has been
	development by the founder of
	Junkyard Gold Club.
Footfall –	Footfall trends- City Centre
	(Springboard / CityCo)
	Week 8, 20th February – 26 <sup>th</sup>
	<b>February</b>
	Wee Year
	Wee Year Pre k on on Ore
	week year d
	week     year       %     %
	week         year           %         d           St         +17.           Ann's         7%
	St +17 +160

<mark>Excha</mark> nge Sq	<mark>+13.</mark> 8%	<mark>+194.</mark> <mark>1%</mark>	<mark>-</mark> 28.7 <mark>%</mark>
<mark>King</mark> Street	+21. 3%	<mark>+264.</mark> 7%	- 33.3 <mark>%</mark>
Market Street	<mark>+10.</mark> <mark>1%</mark>	<mark>+162.</mark> 4%	- <mark>31.2</mark> %
New Cathe dral Street	<mark>+12.</mark> 8%	<mark>+181.</mark> 7%	<mark>-</mark> 49.7 <mark>%</mark>
Footfall trends- District Centres (Springboard) Week 8, 21 <sup>st</sup> February – 27 <sup>th</sup>			
February		<u> </u>	
	Wee k on wee k %	Year on year <mark>%</mark>	Pre- Cov id
Cheetha m Hill	+28. 5%	+32. 4%	<mark>-</mark> 14. 1%

Chorlton	<mark>+24.</mark> 6%	<mark>+7.3</mark> <mark>%</mark>	<mark>-</mark> 34. 4%
<mark>Fallowfie</mark> Id	<mark>+33.</mark> 8%	<mark>+12.</mark> 9%	<mark>-</mark> 2.0 <mark>%</mark>
Gorton	<mark>+5.5</mark> <mark>%</mark>	<mark>+33.</mark> 9%	<mark>-</mark> 9.9 <mark>%</mark>
<mark>Harpurh</mark> ey	<mark>+19.</mark> <mark>6%</mark>	<mark>+11.</mark> <mark>3%</mark>	<mark>-</mark> 25. 8%
<mark>Levensh</mark> ulme	<mark>+26.</mark> 1%	<mark>+23.</mark> 2%	<mark>-</mark> 32. 9%
<mark>Northen</mark> den	<mark>+17.</mark> 5%	<mark>+51.</mark> 9%	<mark>-</mark> 3.9 <mark>%</mark>
<mark>Rushhol</mark> me	<mark>+13.</mark> 6%	<mark>+46.</mark> 6%	<mark>-</mark> 6.1 <mark>%</mark>

	Victoria Avenue- 8.8%Withingt on+20. 8%NB – rise in week to Spring half-tern weather in week 7	n and se	vere
Higher Education Institutions	weather in week 7 MMU – 96% teach place face to face returned 3 <sup>rd</sup> week Backlog of missed ceremonies have place. Covid infec	ning is ta Studen of Janua I gradua now tak	iking ts ary. tion en
	down to very low l RNCM - 90% stud 10% still online du Manchester Metro brand new £35m \$ Digital Art (SODA)	lents bai le to Co politan's School c	/id. S

	with the school being well oversubscribed for their first intake of students.	
Aviation	The Prime Minister announced on 5 January that from Friday 7 January, pre-departure tests would no longer be required for travellers from abroad arriving in England. From 10 January, on arrival, lateral flow tests replaced more expensive PCR tests on day 2.	<ul> <li>Following the start of restriction-free travel once again, MAG experienced an increase in passenger numbers across all three airports during February. Half term saw the highest levels of passenger demand since before the pandemic. MAG expected to welcome nearly 1.5 million passengers between 11 and 27 February, compared to only 73,000 over the same period in 2021.</li> <li>The Government announcement that fully vaccinated people would no longer be required to take any tests when travelling from the UK saw a sharp increase in bookings. The total airline seat capacity across MAG's airports is around 20% higher for February and March than January.</li> </ul>
		Recruitment
		<ul> <li>MAG continues its recruitment drive at Manchester Airport. There are 500 jobs available at Manchester, directly with MAG, and hundreds more with other businesses operating at the airport. Last month, MAG held a jobs fair at Old Trafford</li> </ul>

		<ul> <li>cricket ground with close to 500 attendees with some people securing job interviews directly at the jobs fair.</li> <li>Following on from this, MAG is hosting a Manchester Airport jobs fair in Wythenshawe at the end of the month and will be advertising shortly for how people sign up.</li> </ul>
Culture	<ul> <li>Culture Recovery Fund</li> <li>Changes to COVID restrictions from 24/2/22 <ul> <li>The government has removed remaining domestic restrictions in England.</li> <li>People are no longer required to wear face coverings. Audiences no longer have to show an NHS COVID Pass at venues and events.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Response to changes to restrictions</li> <li>Venues are no longer requiring visitors to wear masks but staff members may continue to wear them. Some are continuing running socially distanced events such as HOME's Socially Distanced cinema screenings. Venues continue to ensure processes are in place to maintain cleanliness and aid social/physical distancing.</li> <li>Organisations are ramping up delivery of programmes, productions, events and exhibitions into spring.</li> <li>Music Economy research</li> <li>MCC has commissioned industry consultants Sound Diplomacy to undertake a study of the Manchester Music Economy. The final draft has been received and plans to announce the findings are being prepared for later in March.</li> <li>Cultural Core Funding</li> </ul>

		In 2022, multi-year funding programmes for application by cultural organisations are being made available by ACE, GMCA and MCC. All 3 funders extended their current programmes by 1 year to give additional stability to grant recipients during COVID. <b>ACE 2023-26 Investment Programme</b> The application process for companies wishing to secure ACE core NPO (National Portfolio Organisation) funding opened on 28 February 2022, and closes on 18 May. Programme priorities are in line with the ACE 10 year 'Let's Create' strategy. ACE made a priority funding announcement on 23/2 as an addendum to programme guidance. The Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport has issued an instruction for ACE align resources with the Government's Levelling Up priorities.
Development	<ul> <li>Continued development interest in the city for both commercial and residential scheme.</li> <li>All schemes are back on site, and construction levels increased since the beginning of the pandemic, although with some overall delays to programmes.</li> <li>Risks around supply chains/access to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Printworks works to start: this month, <u>owners DTZ Investors</u> <u>will start the refurbishment project</u>, approved in 2020, which will feature a 10,000sqft digital ceiling, a large interactive screen, and work to upgrade the 23-screen cinema, and revamp of the façade.</li> <li>Start on Piccadilly tower: a new residential tower as part of the Portugal Street East has now started. It will be 25-storeys when completed and provide 177 apartments.</li> <li>ID Manchester moving forward: the legal documentation for the joint venture between Bruntwood SciTech and the University of Manchester <u>has been finalised which means the project</u> can take another step forward.</li> <li>Work begins on Airport hotel: construction has started on a new £42m 412-bed TRIBE hotel at Airport City Manchester,</li> </ul>

<ul> <li>materials, with associated increases in costs.</li> <li>Access to finance for hotel and retail schemes likely to be more challenging.</li> <li>Economic Recovery &amp; Investment Plan identifies key schemes which can drive recovery and create new jobs. Ongoing work to identify funding opportunities for schemes.</li> <li>Long term impact on office demand being monitored on an ongoing basis, but positive indications from office agents and the Business Sounding Board, with recent reports of increased demand, especially for flexible, high quality office space.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>which will be the first of its kind in the UK. Due to open in summer 2022, it will include a restaurant, bar, and a crew lounge for airport staff.</li> <li>Ancoats Dispensary starts: work to the historic building is officially underway to create 39 one and two bed apartments available for affordable rent. The work is scheduled to complete in 2023.</li> <li>Office lettings: streaming provider Roku has taken 115,000sqft at No.1 Circle Square as its first office in Manchester. The team will now be recruiting for more than 50 engineering roles before the end of 2022. This represented the largest single transaction in terms of square footage across Manchester in 2021. DCMS has chosen Bloc on Marble Street for a 12,000sqft office. At One Express, on George Leigh Street nearly all the space has been let since it reopened following refurbishment, with a variety of businesses taking leases including a number of digital focused. Deliveroo has opened a new Manchester, making it the largest office for the company outside of London.</li> <li>Sports Direct takes more space: the retailer has doubled its footprint in the Andale, taking a new 15-year lease in the former BHS unit. It will host a range of brands under the parent company Frasers Group such as USC, Evans Cycles, and Game. It will also have a Belong esports arena.</li> <li>Piccadilly planning applications submitted for Piccadily Gardens. Thackeray has lodged an application to convert unused space on the upper floors of the three-storey building at 7-9 Piccadilly into 43,000sqft of offices, retaining Greggs and</li> </ul>
Europe 2022: the <u>annual survey</u>	Piccadilly into 43,000sqft of offices, retaining Greggs and Superdrug on the ground floor. Legal & General have also

by PwC and the Urban Land	submitted for a revamp of the pavilion in the Gardens, which
Institute (ULI) has seen a	would split the retail units by removing the canopy and
significant leap in confidence	refurbishing the units, as well as inserting art installations
going into next year. It surveys	around the remaining section of the wall. (Ref:
property professionals, and the	<mark>132578/FO/2021)</mark>
results reveal that the sector is	<ul> <li>Water Street towers approved: four towers of <u>39, 48, 55 and</u></li> </ul>
recording the highest levels of	60 storeys have been approved at Planning Committee on 17
business confidence since	February. Known as 'Trinity Island' the towers will deliver
2014. However, the areas the	1,950 apartments as well as £10million investment into the
industry are most concerned	open space around the development.
about are <u>construction costs</u>	<ul> <li>Affordable housing scheme approved: 89 apartments will</li> </ul>
and resource availability,	be built on the corner of Pigeon Street and Laystall Street,
availability of suitable	which will feature a new build on Pigeon Street, with the
land/assets and the continually	historic 32-34 Laystall Street extended to provide 8,000sqft of
updating sustainability	workspace. The homes available will 10 apartments available
requirements.	for social rent, 34 for affordable rent and 45 for shared
	ownership.
	<ul> <li>Logistics buildings approved: a series of three logistics</li> </ul>
	units at the World Freight Terminal at the Airport have been
	approved. The application, by Columbia Threadneedle
	Investments, who is an Airport City partner, will provide
	85,000sqft to meet freight storage demand at the Airport.
	<ul> <li>Consultation on Store Street site: Preston-based hospitality</li> </ul>
	firm A Very Inc are seeking to redevelop the former Presbar
	Diecasting Foundry on Store Street, creating The Foundry,
	featuring a large beer hall and brewery, as well as the night
	market for independent retailers, and a bakery. Diecast
	Studios would include a gym, tech hub and creative studios.
	The <u>consultation is open until 28 February</u> and A Very Inc. are
	hosting an event on Thursday.

		• Kier purchases Cheetham Hill site: a 4.9-acre brownfield site has been purchased by Kier Property and Investec with a view to creating industrial and trade units on the site. The site is approximately one mile north of the city centre and forms part of the established Cheetham Hill Industrial area. It is also directly opposite Cheetham Retail Park and adjacent to Manchester Fort Shopping Park.
Affordable Housing	<ul> <li>Risk to developer and investor confidence.</li> <li>Working with RP's and other developers to understand current impact and forward plans.</li> <li>Assessing sources and levels of investment, and any obstacles</li> <li>Investigating grant funding, financial and other support needed to enable early start of key projects</li> <li>Understanding supply chain issues and identifying appropriate support measures.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Current forecasts suggest 562 new affordable homes will be built across Manchester in 2021-22 – 432 of which have already completed. This includes 258 social rent, 165 affordable rent, 99 shared ownership and 40 rent to buy homes.</li> <li>Notable completions this year include: <ul> <li>2 Extra Care schemes delivered by Southway at Gorton Mill House (106 homes) and Dahlia House (56 homes). An additional Extra Care Scheme - Oaklands House (36 homes) - is due for completion in March</li> <li>One Manchester have completed over 170 new affordable homes in 2021-22 including the UK's first zero carbon homes at Blackrock Street</li> <li>48 large family homes have been bought &amp; refurbished for homeless families through the Housing Affordability Fund</li> </ul> </li> <li>In addition, there are currently c.1,000 new affordable homes currently under construction across the city and expected to complete over the next few years. This includes a number of large-scale developments including the Former Edge Lane Business Centre (216 homes) and the Former Belle Vue Stadium Site (130</li> </ul>

	<ul> <li>Developing guidance/share good practice for safe operation of sites</li> <li>Expediting design &amp; planning phases of projects.</li> <li>Risk of registered providers slowing down or pausing programmes to consolidate finances/liquidity</li> <li>Ensure Zero Carbon and Fire safety provision are part of the programmes.</li> <li>Potential flooding of the PRS sector as the short term let market shrinks.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>affordable homes). There are also currently 3 city centre schemes under construction at Swan Street (19 homes), Addington Street (50 homes) and Islington Wharf (54 affordable homes)</li> <li>Updates on further key schemes: <ul> <li>Construction has begun on MCC's development of 69 older persons social rent homes at Silk St in Miles Platting &amp; Newton Heath</li> <li>A public consultation on Russell Road LGBT Extra Care Scheme took place in January with a further pre-planning consultation scheduled for February ahead of submitting planning after the local elections</li> <li>A public consultation on the 730-home redevelopment of Jacksons Brickworks is underway. The scheme brought forward by Your Housing Group features a mix of open market sale, shared ownership, social rent &amp; rent to buy</li> <li>Grey Mare Lane Estate – One Manchester have started construction on the first two phases of the Estate Regeneration programme (Blackrock Street &amp; Windermere Close). The redevelopment is set to deliver c.290 new affordable homes (incl. 124 of reprovision) and the retrofit of 150 homes over the next 5 years. A Master Plan was approved at the November meeting of the Executive.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
		There is growing evidence – including through feedback from MHPP - that problems with supply chains for products and materials are beginning to impact on delivery timescales and costs.
Transport and	GM Clean Air Plan (CAP) Update	Summary of transport activity for week ending 27 February (GM-wide)

Infrastructur	Following evidence submitted	<ul> <li>There were an estimated 48m trips made in Greater</li> </ul>
Infrastructur e	Following evidence submitted by the GM Mayor and Leaders, Government has agreed to lift the legal direction requiring the ten GM Local Authorities to implement a Category C Clean Air Zone (CAZ) to deliver compliance with nitrogen dioxide legal limits on the local road network by 2024. The Government has issued a new direction which requires compliance in the shortest possible time and by no later than 2026. The GM CAZ, which had been due to go live on 30 May 2022, will not now go ahead. GM authorities will work with government to deliver, by July 2022. MCC Councillors and officers continue to work with GM colleagues to develop the new plan.	<ul> <li>Manchester – 5% above the previous week.</li> <li>Compared to the equivalent week in 2020, trip levels were: <ul> <li>Total trips down 5%</li> <li>No change in weekday trips</li> <li>Weekend trips up 20%</li> <li>Bus down 30%</li> <li>Metrolink down 36%</li> <li>Rail down 37%</li> <li>Cycling down 41%</li> <li>Walking up 8%</li> <li>Highways down 3%</li> </ul> </li> <li>Growth in trip numbers last week was driven by increased activity over the weekend.</li> <li>Improved weather conditions led to a significant rise in footfall and cycling activity. Pedestrian and cyclist movements captured at sensor locations were 61% up compared to the previous weekend (which was impacted by multiple storms).</li> </ul> Regional centre and Manchester: During the week ending 20 February, the Regional Centre saw an estimated 3.3
	implement a Category C Clean Air Zone (CAZ) to deliver compliance with nitrogen dioxide legal limits on the local road network by 2024. The Government has issued a new direction which requires compliance in the shortest possible time and by no later than 2026. The GM CAZ, which had been due to go live on 30 May 2022, will not now go ahead. GM authorities will work with government to deliver, by July 2022. MCC Councillors and officers continue to work with	<ul> <li>Weekend trips up 20%</li> <li>Bus down 30%</li> <li>Metrolink down 36%</li> <li>Rail down 37%</li> <li>Cycling down 41%</li> <li>Walking up 8%</li> <li>Highways down 3%</li> <li>Growth in trip numbers last week was driven by increased activity over the weekend.</li> <li>Improved weather conditions led to a significant rise in footfall and cycling activity. Pedestrian and cyclist movements captured at sensor locations were 61% up compared to the previous weekend (which was impacted by multiple storms).</li> <li>Regional centre and Manchester: During the week ending</li> </ul>
	new plan.	<ul> <li>20 February, the Regional Centre saw an estimated 3.3 million total trips. This is 2.4% down on the previous week, and included 2.37 million trips from GM and 0.93 million from outside of GM.</li> <li>Regional Centre trips were 69% of the pre-pandemic baseline (November 2019).</li> </ul>

Skills,	Furlough and Newly	DWP Way to Work offer is taking shape locally with continued
Labour	Unemployed	engagement of Kickstart employers a key feature. Moseley St
Market and	Headlines include	Jobcentre and Employer Suite in THX will be key delivery
Business Support	<ul> <li>In the latest release (January 2021) there were 26,005 claimants of unemployment benefits in Manchester – up 0.2% from the revised December's figure of 25,960 claimants. Unemployment for women is continuing to fall much faster than it is for men (trend across GM).</li> <li>While furlough came to an end in September, there is no evidence that formerly furloughed residents have moved onto UC. The number of claimants has shown a month by month decrease since April 2021 when there were 79,300 claimants. January's provisional figure shows 75,804 claimants.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>blaces. Event planned for 31 March</li> <li>Continue to work with Government Departs looking to increase workforce in the City with sessions taking place in February/March to understand support needed.</li> <li>Working with Health and Social Care sector to develop provider information sessions in March (internal and external) to improve recruitment outcomes by creating and strengthening relationships with employability organisations.</li> <li>Working closely with MAG to support their recruitment aspirations. This includes promotion of opportunities through the Airport Academy alongside DWP and Wythenshawe Partners. In addition to planning for a careers events at the Forum on 11<sup>th</sup> and 24<sup>th</sup> March.</li> <li>Working with Virgin Media to recruit to around 60 full and part time roles at their Wythenshawe Offices. Work is underway with partners to deliver pre-employment support to residents ahead of an open day in early March. Further recruitment anticipated in April/May.</li> </ul>

	In January there were 32,705 job vacancies up 9% from the previous month.	
Offer	16-19 Year Olds	<ul> <li>Co-location review of Career Connect service has been completed with a report being produced with agreed</li> </ul>
	Update: <mark>January DfE</mark> nission	<ul> <li>completed with a report being produced with agreed adjustments. Additional outreach and out of hours activity also commenced.</li> <li>Post 16 Sufficiency research (to establish the capacity peeded in EE) has been completed and obserd with Even</li> </ul>
Kno	wn 2.9% (increase from last update - 2.7%)	needed in FE) has been completed and shared with Exec Members and with the Post-16 Reference Group for actioning recommendations.
Unk	nown 3.0% (decrease from last update – 3.5%)	<ul> <li>Revised P16 Stat Pack has been developed and will be used to form actions via Education Access Board and Internal P16 Steering Group.</li> </ul>

	update:	<ul> <li>Internal Post-16 Steering Group Terms of Reference established and in-place following scoping activity on the purpose and influence of the group members.</li> <li>NEET Prevention Panel pilot launched in March 2022.</li> <li>NEET Locality Taskforce pilot to be launched in April 2022.</li> <li>NM SV Education Strategy consultation period has now ended. A final version will be completed for April 2022.</li> </ul>
Known	3.18% crease from st update - 2.72%)	
	2.39% crease from st update – 3.46%)	
	5.57% crease from st update – 6.18%)	
Youth unemployn Maximise the oppo and work with partr out the Kickstart So Supporting youth e programmes	ortunities from ners to roll cheme.	<ul> <li>MCC Kickstart opportunities – working with DWP to recruit to the final Kickstart roles ahead of March deadline.</li> <li>National Apprenticeship Week (7<sup>th</sup> February 2022). We delivered our most extensive campaign yet with case studies, promotion of opportunities, events and videos including the Leader and Cllr White.</li> </ul>

Developing a clear offer to support our graduates	Delivering an apprenticeships/career pathways event 11 <sup>th</sup> March at Wythenshawe Forum as part of National Careers Week. The event is in partnership with Mike Kane's Office, BW3, MAG and schools.
	Working with MMU to develop activities to support students to gain part time employment and work experience opportunities whilst learning. And the MMU SME support pilot programme to be evaluated and re-launched.
Skills and employment	Connect with Us digital roadshow will begin on 4 <sup>th</sup> March with 10 events across North Manchester. Local community venues are being
support for adults	used to speak to residents to offer direct support to help them thrive
Challenges -	online.
<ul> <li>Need to reflect on delivery of the Digital Inclusion Action Plan programme so far. The landscape looks very different to what it was 12 months ago. Aa number of review workshops and 1-1</li> </ul>	In January MAES completed 3 Sector-based Work Academy Programmes in partnership with DWP – 2 for HMRC who have been recruiting for admin roles (1 in person and 1 online) - 18 participantsoutcomes not known as yet. And one for WGC (hotel group) for housekeeping roles 8 participants and 3 secured jobs so far.
conversations with funders to shape objectives and outputs for the new year. • CRF and Arcadis funded	MAES recruited 84.23% of their target for term 1 (5373/6379 learners) although they did see growth on Digital and Vocational courses and ESOL outperformed its target.
North Manchester and digital projects – need for the two to complement	

	<ul> <li>each other without duplication.</li> <li>Challenge with a place- based approach – how do we work better and smarter with neighborhoods services and community groups around them to better focus and reach more residents.</li> <li>Digital Volunteer fatigue and drop off – how to reengage volunteers in 2022 to ensure the service is still effective.</li> </ul>	
Be Ch not	ecial Value and Local enefit allenge: Many residents are t connecting to opportunities eated in the city – how can we	The annual MCC - CLES conference took place on 18 February which, despite Storm Eunice, was well attended (well over 100 had registered beforehand) and initial feedback was very positive. A debrief meeting with CLES will be taking place.
use ma em opp	use social value internally to maximise creation of employment/skills/training opportunities targeted at our	The CLES analysis of social value delivered by the council's top 300 suppliers was also published alongside the conference.
to d	sidents and use our influence do the same with ganisations externally?	Trinity Island Local Labour Condition applied on planning approval. The condition will ringfence apprenticeship, employment, and training opportunities for Manchester residents.

Ensure that MOO's surrange is to	
Ensure that MCC's approach to	
SV reflects current economic	
circumstances and Think	
recommendations.	
Coordinate employment and	
skills related social value	
"offers" from across MCC's	
largest suppliers and capital	
projects into a pipeline of	
opportunities that can be	
promoted to residents and	
employment/skills/training	
organisations.	
Business Support	Pusiness Crents
Business Support, Sustainability and Growth	Business Grants
Business Support, Sustainability and Growth	
Sustainability and Growth	<ul> <li>Closing date has now passed and currently there are c100</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Closing date has now passed and currently there are c100 OARG applications to process.</li> </ul>
Sustainability and Growth	<ul> <li>Closing date has now passed and currently there are c100 OARG applications to process.</li> <li>MCC has so far awarded £363,114 leaving a balance of</li> </ul>
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Sustainability and Growth Business Grants	<ul> <li>Closing date has now passed and currently there are c100 OARG applications to process.</li> <li>MCC has so far awarded £363,114 leaving a balance of</li> </ul>
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guidance was released on 30 December.	
<ol> <li>Omicron Hospitality and Leisure Grant scheme, (OHLG) -</li> <li>The third ARG top-up – now closed.</li> <li>COVID-19 Additional Relief Fund (CARF) Business Rates Scheme . Now Closed</li> </ol>	
Current position	
national statistics for OHLG and ARG grants	SMEs, District Centre and High Street Business support – Roadshows Go Live March 2022
schemes reflecting allocations to 30 January.	<ul> <li>SME Business Support Roadshow Briefing note shared with Councillor White.</li> <li>First event will 'go live' 22 March at the Peace Garden, Moston Lane</li> <li>A 12-month plan of locations is being drawn up to include North South and Control District Control</li> </ul>
Nationally Manchester has out- performed other authorities in awarding the highest grant level	North, South and Central District Centres <ul> <li>Each Neighbourhood will have 1 planned business support event every quarter</li> </ul>

of the 309 authorities; ranking 7 <sup>th</sup> in % of grant allocation terms. In terms of ARG (including ARG Omicron) the Council has allocated 94.4% of its allocation, the highest across the 8 Core Cities and 3 <sup>rd</sup> across GM.	<ul> <li>Production of leaflets will be ready for distribution 1 week prior to each event to undertake initial business engagement</li> <li>Led by the W&amp;S team on the ground support and engagement will include - Neighbourhood teams, Business Growth Hub, Enterprising You, Cyber Resilience, Skills for Growth SME, BIPC and colleagues from Enviro Health will support each event on the day.</li> </ul>
Payments 14 <sup>th</sup> – 27 <sup>th</sup> Feb =         £1.186m:         • OHLG Omicron -         £498,015 (125         payments)         • ARG (Omicron) -         £194,250 (290         payments)	
Growth Hub Monthly Business survey highlights to 31 January The latest findings from the GC Business Survey indicate business	

businesses in the
hospitality sector, these
businesses continue to
experience decreased
sales and cashflow
issues.
1330 <del>6</del> 3.
Overall, results indicate
that businesses remain
resilient, with the
percentage of
businesses reporting
increased sales rising on
the levels seen last
month (mostly due to the
Christmas period), and
businesses' financial
reserves remaining
<mark>stable, albeit slightly</mark>
lower than reported
previously.
More importantly,
appetite to invest in
different areas has
increased significantly,
most notably in
workforce and skills, and
in innovation and digital
transformation.
Finally, the <b>risk of</b>
redundancy remains
redundancy remains

very low and the proportion of firms currently hiring has stayed broadly at the same level, following a period of record-breaking vacancy numbers nationally and locally in the run up to the end of December
Inward investment
£5bn Manchester construction pipeline of new commercial development and housing.
In April 2020 March 2021 Manchester won 29 inward investment projects which will create 1,017 jobs in the following sectors
<ul> <li>152 jobs in Advanced manufacturing</li> <li>475 in the Creative and Digital sector</li> <li>204 in Finance, Professional and Business Services</li> </ul>

186 in Life Sciences	
<ul> <li>186 in Life Sciences</li> <li>Equalities/ Disadvantaged</li> <li>Ensure that disadvantaged and underrepresented groups are supported by activity included in Workstreams 1-6. This would include Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic groups, young people, over 50's, homeless, veterans, survivors of DV&amp;A, ESA claimants, and those experiencing family poverty.</li> <li>Covid has worsened the situation for many already experiencing inequality – the challenge is to ensure support is targeted to reach the communities in most need.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Supporting Afghan arrivals:         <ul> <li>W&amp;S supporting DWP Proof of Concept project to explore whether the removal of non-employment barriers to work can help people to move into housing.</li> <li>The project will work closely with the homelessness service to support a small group of people, in temporary accommodation.</li> <li>Caseworkers recruited to provide 1:1 support and will link in with local employment support provision.</li> <li>The project is due to launch in Feb and will run from 3 to 6 months.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Uncertain Futures Employment &amp; Skills Sessions for over 50's women:</li> <li>Uncertain Futures - the Confident Language for Work event took place in the Tea Gallery at Manchester Art Gallery on 16th February. The interactive session was delivered by MAES to 10 participants who all gave very positive feedback. The next session will also be held at the Gallery on 23rd March on the topic of the menopause and work.</li> <li>A policy event is planned for the 24th March to bring forward key findings from the research and present a call for action to policy makers.</li> <li>Planning is underway for a specific over 50's campaign during National Apprenticeship week in February 2022.</li> </ul>

		The W&S Race Equity group have reviewed objectives for 2022 to continue along the themes of (1) Supporting the wider team with peer support and training (2) Better understanding the make-up of our communities to deliver targeted support (3) Supporting structural change.
Funding	No specific known impacts on current external funding bids caused by C19 as yet. Known	Funding Announcements
	bids progressing through funding approval processes as expected.	The levelling up white paper was released on Wednesday 2 <sup>nd</sup> February.
		Prior to publishing the paper, a DLUHC press release (30 Jan) announced the following:
		Brownfield Funding Announcement
		"A total of £120 million of funding will be given to 7 Mayoral Combined Authorities to transform derelict brownfield sites into vibrant places where people want to live and work. Seven MCAs – West Midlands, <b>Greater Manchester</b> , West Yorkshire, Liverpool,

South Yorkshire, North of Tyne, and Tees Valley stand to gain 7,800 homes.
A further £30 million is being awarded to 3 Mayoral Combined Authorities in Greater Manchester, Tees Valley and West Midlands on disused brownfield land."
Levelling Up Home Building Fund
"1.5 billion Levelling Up Home Building Fund next week, providing loans to small and medium sized builders and developers to deliver 42,000 homes, with the vast majority outside of London and the South East."
Details have not yet been confirmed however our understanding is that this funding is part of a previous announcement.
<b>UK Shared Prosperity Fund</b> 3 year of funding announced. Pre-guidance notes were issued alongside the Levelling Up White Paper.
<ol> <li>£2.6 bn of new funding for local investment by March 2025, as part of a suite of complementary Levelling Up funding.</li> <li>Provide all areas of the UK with an allocation of revenue and capital funding - via a funding formula, not a competition.</li> </ol>

	<ol> <li>Taper in from 2022-23, with funding reaching £1.5bn a year by 2025.</li> </ol>
	2022-3 0.4 billion (revenue)
	2023-4 0.8 billion (0.7 revenue, 0.1 capital)
	2024-5 1.8 billion (1.5 revenue, 0.3 capital)
	<ol> <li>Empower each place to identify and build on their own strengths and needs at a local level, focused on pride in place.</li> <li>Delegate delivery of the fund to local authorities, supported by local partners. In GM this will be GMCA, who will be funded via funding formula rather than a competition.</li> <li>A full prospectus will be available in "Spring 2022" and GMCA will have to submit an "Investment Plan" for approval by Government in Summer 2022.</li> <li>The fund will be led by the Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities (DLUHC) with support from other government departments.</li> <li>Themes are: Communities and Place (2022-4), Supporting Local Business (2022-4) and People and Skills (2024-5).</li> </ol>
	<b>Community Ownership Fund</b> – round 2 has been delayed until Spring 2022, when it will be relaunched with a new prospectus and additional support for applicants.
	<b>Funding in Progress</b> <b>Public Sector Decarbonisation Fund Round 3</b> has been announced – MCC secured c.£19m from <b>round 1</b> of the fund and delivery of that programme is our priority. A bid for £4.5 million to the latest round has been submitted.

		Funding Approved Energy Savings Trust's (EST) eCargo Bike Grant Fund, Local Authority Scheme 2021/2022. Scheme was officially launched on 17 <sup>th</sup> January with good press coverage. https://secure.manchester.gov.uk/news/article/8931/ebikes_come_to _manchester_as_ambitious_city-wide_scheme_launches
External Lobbying	Parliament returns from summer recess on 6 September 2021 with an announcement on the date of the 2021 Spending Review expected soon after. There is currently uncertainty surrounding the 2021 Spending Review period in relation to a 1 or 3 year settlement for local government. Direct lobbying of Government is needed as well as working via Greater Manchester and networks such as Core Cities UK, Convention of the North and the LGA.	We have been working with colleagues in GMCA and other organisations to understand the funding landscape with a particular focus on UKSPF, with the aim of making sure that Manchester's priorities are reflected. We are talking to relevant people about levelling up bids as well as our priorities for North Manchester. We have also been talking to DLUHC about an outcomes framework for the levelling up White Paper and feeding in some examples of outcomes, measures and systems that Manchester uses to track progress against our objectives.